

TJI[®] 110, TJI[®] 210, TJI[®] 230, TJI[®] 360, TJI[®] 560 AND TJI[®] 560D JOISTS

Featuring Trus Joist® TJI® Joists for Floor and Roof Applications

- · Uniform and Predictable
- Lightweight for Fast Installation
- Resource Efficient
- Resists Bowing, Twisting, and Shrinking
- Significantly Reduces Callbacks
- Available in Long Lengths
- Limited Product Warranty



Now featuring 18" – 24" TJI® joists



The products in this guide are readily available through our nationwide network of distributors and dealers. For more information on other applications or other Trus Joist® products, contact your Weyerhaeuser representative.

Code Evaluations:

Fire-Safe Construction

ICC-ES ESR-1153; ESR-1387

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Why Choose Trus Joist® TJI® Joists?

- Engineered for strength and consistency
- Efficient installation saves time and labor
- Longer lengths allow more versatile floor plans
- · Less jobsite waste
- · Fewer red tags and callbacks



Now more than ever builders need solutions that really deliver. That's why Trus Joist® TJI® joists are designed to give you more—longer lengths, easier installation, higher span values, better strength-to-weight ratios, and faster cycle times.

TJI® joists are also available in deeper depths that are suitable for heavier-duty loads, such as those in multi-family structures and light commercial buildings.

This guide features TJI® joists in the following sizes:

Depths: 9½", 11%", 14", 16", 18", 20", 22", and 24"

Flange Widths: 13/4", 21/16", 25/16", and 31/2"

Flange height and thickness vary by series; see the appropriate sections of this guide for specific sizes and relevant technical information:



3

Section 1:

Design information for 9½"-16" TJI® joists



Section 2:

Design information for 18"-24" TJI® joists



Section 3:

Framing details and design information for all joist depths in this guide

Some products may not be available in your region.

Contact your Weyerhaeuser representative at our Specification Center or visit "Where to Buy".

PRODUCT STORAGE



Protect product from sun and water

CAUTION: Wrap is slippery when wet or icy

Align stickers (2x3 or larger) directly over support blocks

Use support blocks (6x6 or larger) at 10' on-center to keep bundles out of mud and water



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including wood dust which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust. Avoid inhaling wood dust or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/wood.

Safety data sheets for all Weyerhaeuser wood products can be found on our website at: weyerhaeuser.com/sustainability/environment/product-stewardship/safety-data-sheets.

FIRE-SAFE CONSTRUCTION

Fire-safe construction and life safety are major concerns for everyone in the building materials and construction industry. The 2015 U.S. Fire Administration statistics (usfa.fema.gov/data/statistics/) on residential and commercial fires in the U.S. alone include 3,280 fire fatalities and an estimated \$14.3 billion in property damage. These numbers underscore the seriousness of the issue and the need for fire-safe construction.

For over 40 years, prefabricated wood I-joists and other Weyerhaeuser building products have established a record of safe and reliable performance in millions of structures. Many of these structures, such as one- or two-family residential dwellings, do not require specific fire-resistance ratings per building codes but may require unrated membrane protection. The information below is intended to help you specify and install Trus Joist® products with fire safety in mind.

Passive Fire Protection

Independent tests show that when compared to protected systems, unprotected framing systems (whether combustible or non-combustible) suffer increased structural degradation when exposed to fire. All floor framing materials—sawn lumber, wood I-ioists, trusses, and light-gauge steel—succumb quickly to fire if not protected. Applying a protective membrane, such as gypsum ceiling board, to all types of floor framing within the structure will provide uniform protection to the structural framing members. Passive fire protection can do the following:

- Delay fire growth involving structural elements
- Reduce the potential for significant property damage to structural elements

Smoke Detectors

Smoke detectors are universally recognized as the most costeffective life-saving devices. Although smoke detectors do not provide protection to the structure or to the contents in a home, they do alert occupants to potential fire hazards and allow them time to escape. Similarly, carbon monoxide detectors can also alert occupants to faulty heating appliances or air contamination in the early stages of a fire.

Active Fire Suppression

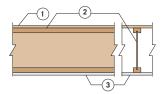
Automatic fire sprinkler systems are commonly required by building codes in schools, office buildings, factories, and other commercial buildings. Buildings designed with sprinkler systems are allowed larger areas and greater heights than buildings designed without sprinkler systems.

Fire service agencies such as the U.S. Fire Administration promote the use of residential sprinkler systems, citing benefits such as lower overall cost of construction for the homebuilder, plus a safer environment and lower insurance rates for the homeowner. Using automatic fire sprinkler systems provides the following benefits:

- Early and unsupervised suppression
- Reduced fire and smoke development
- Potentially enhanced life safety for the occupant(s)

Floor Assembly Compliant with 2012 IRC R501.3, 2015 and 2018 IRC R302.13

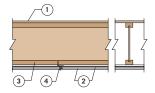
Single Layer



- 1. Appropriate span-rated sheathing (Exposure 1)
- 2. TJI® joist
- 3. Single-layer of 1/2" gypsum wall board

One-Hour Assembly for Rated Construction

Double Laver



- 1. 48/24 tongue-and-groove, span-rated sheathing (Exposure 1), glued with a subfloor adhesive and nailed
- 2. Two layers of 1/8" Type X gypsum board
- 3. TJI® joist
- 4. Resilient channels (optional)*

Optional: Minimum 3½"-thick glass fiber insulation or non-combustible insulation, rated R-30 or less.3

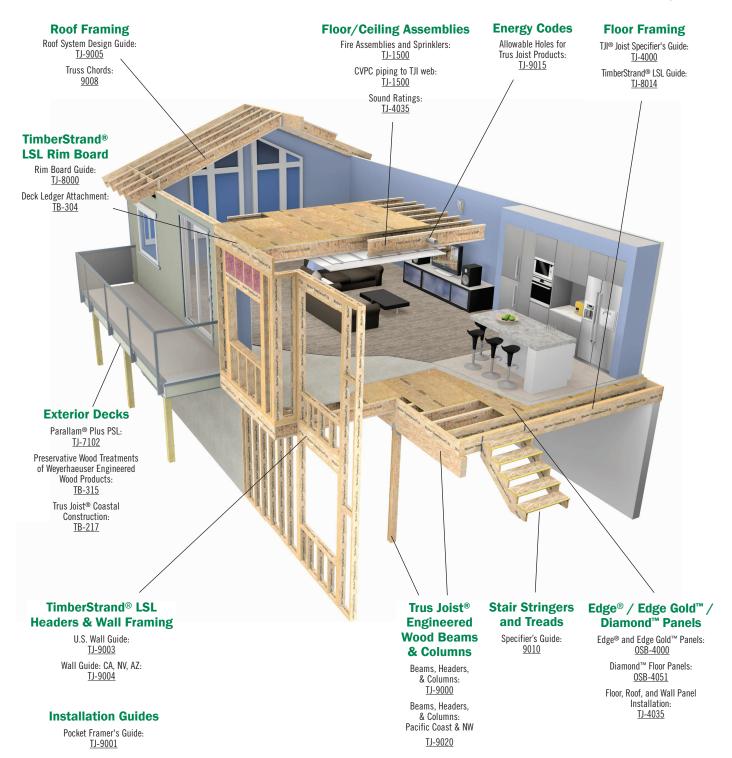
*Resilient channels are required when insulation is used.

*See ESR-1153 for other insulation options.

For more information on fire assemblies and fire-safe construction, please refer to the Weyerhaeuser Fire-Rated Assemblies and Sprinkler Systems Guide, <u>TJ-1500</u>, or visit our website at weyerhaeuser.com/woodproducts.

VISUAL LITERATURE GUIDE





Some products may not be available in your region.

Contact your Weyerhaeuser representative at our Specification Center or visit "Where to Buy".

Building Code Evaluations
ICC-ES Evaluation Report:
ESR-1153
ICC-ES Evaluation Report:
ESR-1387

TJ-PRO™ RATING AND FLOOR PERFORMANCE

What is Floor Performance and TJ-Pro Rating?

Floor performance is how a floor feels under foot traffic. TJ-Pro Rating is a diagnostic tool developed by Weyerhaeuser to help you assess floor performance based on the floor assembly components you specify. You can access TJ-Pro rating using our ForteWEB® and Javelin® software platforms or our span table web app.

How does TJ-Pro Rating Work?

Point values up to 65 are assigned using complex algorithms based on field and laboratory research conducted on over 600 floor system assemblies. It also factors in the variables listed under **Key**

Factors Affecting
Performance shown to
the right. Ranges can
then be correlated to



customer floor performance expectations.

What do the ratings mean?

The ratings represent the percentage of customers that would be satisfied with the floor performance. At 45 points, customer satisfaction is 84%. At 65 points, it's nearly 100%.

How can you use TJ-Pro Rating?

You know your market and TJ-Pro Ratings let you build what your market needs. For example, once you know that a TJ-Pro Rating of 45 points works for your customers, you can simply target 45 points for your other floors to deliver the performance your market expects.

It's also a great tool to optimize floors for the type of home you build:

Entry Level: Focus on economy and efficiency. Use TJ-Pro Ratings to make sure you're not overbuilding.

Move-Up/Mid-Level: Countless floor plans with upgrades options. Use TJ-Pro Rating to consistently and reliably build across the range of framing solutions.

High-End Luxury: Uncompromised quality and reputation is key. From our experience, homeowners in this group expect a rating of 45 points or greater. Use TJ-Pro Rating to differentiate yourself and deliver the quality your customers demand.

Key Factors Affecting Performance

- Basic Stiffness is a combination of joist depths and span.
- Composite Action—Careful nailing in conjunction with construction adhesives increases basic stiffness.
- Continuity—Continuous joists over several supports generally perform better than simple spans. Care must be taken if the joists continue into another occupancy.
- Joist Spacing and Deck Stiffness— Reduced spacing or increased deck thickness generally improves floor performance.
- Ceilings directly applied to the bottom edge of the floor members, or equivalent 1x or 2x strapping, is a performance enhancement.
- Beams—Floor systems supported by steel or wood beams tend to feel less stiff than those supported by solid bearing walls.
- Bridging or Blocking can be a contributor to improved floor performance.
- Non-bearing Partition Walls dampen vibration and improve floor performance when installed transverse to the floor joists.
- Mass reduces damping in a floor system causing a decrease in floor performance. This impact is more noticeable as span lengths increase.

TJ-Pro Rating is featured in these design software platforms.





Autodesk® Revit® linked to ForteWEB®

Let one of our experienced **Territory Managers** perform a TJ-Pro Rating assessment on your floors to give you insight on how well your floors will perform against your customers expectations. They can also help recommend products which will give you the optimal results you are looking for without overspending.

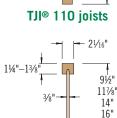
SECTION 1: 9½"-16" TJI® JOISTS

This section contains design information for 9½"-16" deep Trus Joist® TJI® joists.

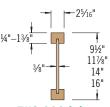
These standard-size TJI® joists are readily available through your local Weyerhaeuser dealer or distributor. Offered with the flange sizes shown below, they come in lengths up to 60' (in 1' increments).

Design Properties (100% Load Duration)

			Basic P	roperties				Reaction	Properties		
Depth	TJI®	Joist Weight	Maximum Resistive	Joist Only El x 10 ⁶	Maximum Vertical	1³¼" End Reaction	3½" End Reaction		ermediate ion (lbs)		ermediate ion (lbs)
		(lbs/ft)	Moment ⁽¹⁾ (ft-lbs)	(in.²-lbs)	Shear (lbs)	(lbs)	(lbs)	No Web Stiffeners	With Web Stiffeners ⁽²⁾	No Web Stiffeners	With Web Stiffeners ⁽²⁾
	110	2.3	2,500	157	1,220	910	1,220	1,935	N.A.	2,350	N.A.
91/2"	210	2.6	3,000	186	1,330	1,005	1,330	2,145	N.A.	2,565	N.A.
	230	2.7	3,330	206	1,330	1,060	1,330	2,410	N.A.	2,790	N.A.
	110	2.5	3,160	267	1,560	910	1,375	1,935	2,295	2,350	2,705
	210	2.8	3,795	315	1,655	1,005	1,460	2,145	2,505	2,565	2,925
111/8"	230	3.0	4,215	347	1,655	1,060	1,485	2,410	2,765	2,790	3,150
	360	3.0	6,180	419	1,705	1,080	1,505	2,460	2,815	3,000	3,360
	560	4.0	9,500	636	2,050	1,265	1,725	3,000	3,475	3,455	3,930
	110	2.8	3,740	392	1,860	910	1,375	1,935	2,295	2,350	2,705
	210	3.1	4,490	462	1,945	1,005	1,460	2,145	2,505	2,565	2,925
14"	230	3.3	4,990	509	1,945	1,060	1,485	2,410	2,765	2,790	3,150
	360	3.3	7,335	612	1,955	1,080	1,505	2,460	2,815	3,000	3,360
	560	4.2	11,275	926	2,390	1,265	1,725	3,000	3,475	3,455	3,930
	110	3.0	4,280	535	2,145	910	1,375	1,935	2,295	2,350	2,705
	210	3.3	5,140	629	2,190	1,005	1,460	2,145	2,505	2,565	2,925
16"	230	3.5	5,710	691	2,190	1,060	1,485	2,410	2,765	2,790	3,150
	360	3.5	8,405	830	2,190	1,080	1,505	2,460	2,815	3,000	3,360
	560	4.5	12,925	1,252	2,710	1,265	1,725	3,000	3,475	3,455	3,930



TJI® 210 joists



TJI® 230 joists

- (1) Caution: Do not increase joist moment design properties by a repetitive member use factor.
- (2) See detail W on page 27 for web stiffener requirements and nailing information.

General Notes

- Design reaction includes all loads on the joist. Design shear is computed at the inside face of supports and includes all loads on the span(s). Allowable shear may sometimes be increased at interior supports in accordance with ICC-ES ESR-1153, and these increases are reflected in span tables.
- The formulas at right approximate the uniform load deflection of Δ (inches).

TJI® joists are intended for dry-use applications

Some TJI® joist series may not be available in your region. Contact your Weyerhaeuser representative for information.

For TJI® 110, 210, 230, and 360 Joists

$$\Delta = \frac{22.5 \text{ WL}^4}{\text{FI}} + \frac{2.67 \text{ WL}^2}{\text{d.v.} 10^5}$$

For TJI® 560 Joists

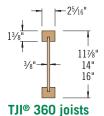
$$\Delta = \frac{22.5 \text{ wL}^4}{\text{EI}} \ + \ \frac{2.29 \text{ wL}^2}{\text{d x } 10^5}$$

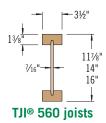
w = uniform load in pounds per linear foot

L = span in feet

d = out-to-out depth of the joist in inches

El = value from table above





DO NOT walk on joists until braced. INJURY MAY RESULT.



DO NOT stack building materials on unsheathed joists. Stack only over beams or walls.



DO NOT walk on joists that are lying flat.

WARNING

Joists are unstable until braced laterally

Bracing Includes:

- Blocking Hangers
- Rim Board
- Sheathing
- Rim Joist
- Strut Lines

WARNING NOTES: Lack of proper bracing during construction can result in serious accidents. Observe the following guidelines:

- 1. All blocking, hangers, rim boards, and rim joists at the end supports of the TJI® joists must be completely installed and properly nailed.
- 2. Lateral strength, like a braced end wall or an existing deck, must be established at the ends of the bay. This can also be accomplished by a temporary or permanent deck (sheathing) fastened to the first 4 feet of joists at the end of the bay.
- 3. Safety bracing of 1x4 (minimum) must be nailed to a braced end wall or sheathed area (as in note 2) and to each joist. Without this bracing, buckling sideways or rollover is highly probable under light construction loads—such as a worker or one layer of unnailed sheathing.
- 4. Sheathing must be completely attached to each TJI® joist before additional loads can be placed on the system.
- 5. Ends of cantilevers require safety bracing on both the top and bottom flanges.
- 6. The flanges must remain straight within a tolerance of ½" from true alignment.

FLOOR SPAN TABLES



L/480 Live Load Deflection

Donth	TJI®	40 PS	F Live Load /	10 PSF Dead	d Load	40 PS	F Live Load /	20 PSF Dear	d Load
Depth	ווו 🏻	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.
	110	16'-11"	15'-6"	14'-7"	13'-7"	16'-11"	15'-6"	14'-3"	12'-9"
9½"	210	17'-9"	16'-3"	15'-4"	14'-3"	17'-9"	16'-3"	15'-4"	14'-0"
	230	18'-3"	16'-8"	15'-9"	14'-8"	18'-3"	16'-8"	15'-9"	14'-8"
	110	20'-2"	18'-5"	17'-4"	15'-9" ⁽¹⁾	20'-2"	17'-8"	16'-1"(1)	14'-4"(1)
	210	21'-1"	19'-3"	18'-2"	16'-11"	21'-1"	19'-3"	17'-8"	15'-9"(1)
117/8"	230	21'-8"	19'-10"	18'-8"	17'-5"	21'-8"	19'-10"	18'-7"	16'-7"(1)
	360	22'-11"	20'-11"	19'-8"	18'-4"	22'-11"	20'-11"	19'-8"	17'-10"(1)
	560	26'-1"	23'-8"	22'-4"	20'-9"	26'-1"	23'-8"	22'-4"	20'-9"(1)
	110	22'-10"	20'-11"	19'-2"	17'-2"(1)	22'-2"	19'-2"	17'-6"(1)	15'-0"(1)
	210	23'-11"	21'-10"	20'-8"	18'-10"(1)	23'-11"	21'-1"	19'-2"(1)	16'-7"(1)
14"	230	24'-8"	22'-6"	21'-2"	19'-9"(1)	24'-8"	22'-2"	20'-3"(1)	17'-6"(1)
	360	26'-0"	23'-8"	22'-4"	20'-9"(1)	26'-0"	23'-8"	22'-4"(1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	29'-6"	26'-10"	25'-4"	23'-6"	29'-6"	26'-10"	25'-4"(1)	20'-11"(1)
	110	25'-4"	22'-6"	20'-7"(1)	18'-1"(1)	23'-9"	20'-7"(1)	18'-9"(1)	15'-0"(1)
	210	26'-6"	24'-3"	22'-6"(1)	19'-11"(1)	26'-0"	22'-6"(1)	20'-7"(1)	16'-7"(1)
16"	230	27'-3"	24'-10"	23'-6"	21'-1"(1)	27'-3"	23'-9"	21'-8"(1)	17'-6"(1)
	360	28'-9"	26'-3"	24'-8"(1)	21'-5"(1)	28'-9"	26'-3"(1)	22'-4"(1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	32'-8"	29'-8"	28'-0"	25'-2"(1)	32'-8"	29'-8"	26'-3"(1)	20'-11"(1)

L/360 Live Load Deflection (Minimum Criteria per Code)

Donth	TJI®	40 PS	F Live Load /	10 PSF Dead	d Load	40 PS	F Live Load /	20 PSF Dead	d Load
Depth	l)lo	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.
	110	18'-9"	17'-2"	15'-8"	14'-0"	18'-1"	15'-8"	14'-3"	12'-9"
91/2"	210	19'-8"	18'-0"	17'-0"	15'-4"	19'-8"	17'-2"	15'-8"	14'-0"
	230	20'-3"	18'-6"	17'-5"	16'-2"	20'-3"	18'-1"	16'-6"	14'-9"
	110	22'-3"	19'-4"	17'-8"	15'-9"(1)	20'-5"	17'-8"	16'-1"(1)	14'-4"(1)
	210	23'-4"	21'-2"	19'-4"	17'-3"(1)	22'-4"	19'-4"	17'-8"	15'-9"(1)
117/8"	230	24'-0"	21'-11"	20'-5"	18'-3"	23'-7"	20'-5"	18'-7"	16'-7"(1)
	360	25'-4"	23'-2"	21'-10"	20'-4"(1)	25'-4"	23'-2"	21'-10" (1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	28'-10"	26'-3"	24'-9"	23'-0"	28'-10"	26'-3"	24'-9"	20'-11"(1)
	110	24'-4"	21'-0"	19'-2"	17'-2"(1)	22'-2"	19'-2"	17'-6"(1)	15'-0"(1)
	210	26'-6"	23'-1"	21'-1"	18'-10"(1)	24'-4"	21'-1"	19'-2"(1)	16'-7"(1)
14"	230	27'-3"	24'-4"	22'-2"	19'-10"(1)	25'-8"	22'-2"	20'-3"(1)	17'-6"(1)
	360	28'-9"	26'-3"	24'-9"(1)	21'-5"(1)	28'-9"	26'-3" ⁽¹⁾	22'-4"(1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	32'-8"	29'-9"	28'-0"	25'-2"(1)	32'-8"	29'-9"	26'-3" (1)	20'-11"(1)
	110	26'-0"	22'-6"	20'-7"(1)	18'-1"(1)	23'-9"	20'-7"(1)	18'-9"(1)	15'-0"(1)
	210	28'-6"	24'-8"	22'-6"(1)	19'-11"(1)	26'-0"	22'-6"(1)	20'-7"(1)	16'-7"(1)
16"	230	30'-1"	26'-0"	23'-9"	21'-1"(1)	27'-5"	23'-9"	21'-8"(1)	17'-6"(1)
	360	31'-10"	29'-0"	26'-10"(1)	21'-5"(1)	31'-10"	26'-10" (1)	22'-4"(1)	17'-10"(1)
	560	36'-1"	32'-11"	31'-0"(1)	25'-2"(1)	36'-1"	31'-6" ⁽¹⁾	26'-3"(1)	20'-11"(1)

(1) Web stiffeners are required at intermediate supports of continuous-span joists when the intermediate bearing length is *less* than 5¼" and the span on either side of the intermediate bearing is greater than the following spans:

TJI®	40 PS	F Live Load /	10 PSF Dead	Load	40 PS	F Live Load /	20 PSF Dead	Load	
III	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	12" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	
110			19'-2"	15'-4"		19'-2"	16'-0"	12'-9"	
210		Req. Not Req.		21'-4"	17'-0"		21'-4"	17'-9"	14'-2"
230	Not Req.		Not Req.	19'-2"	Not Req.	Not Req.	19'-11"	15'-11"	
360			24'-5"		24'-5"	20'-4"	16'-3"		
560			29'-10"	23'-10"		29'-10"	24'-10"	19'-10"	

 Long-term deflection under dead load, which includes the effect of creep, has not been considered. Bold italic spans reflect initial dead load deflection exceeding 0.33".

How to Use These Tables

- 1. Determine the appropriate live load deflection criteria
- 2. Identify the live and dead load condition.
- 3. Select on-center spacing.
- 4. Scan down the column until you meet or exceed the span of your application.
- 5. Select TJI® joist and depth.

General Notes

- Tables are based on:
 - Uniform loads.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - Clear distance between supports.
 - Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end (no web stiffeners) and 3½" intermediate.
- Assumed composite action with a single layer of 24" on-center span-rated, glue-nailed floor panels for deflection only. When subfloor adhesive is not applied, spans shall be reduced 6" for nails and 12" for proprietary fasteners.
- For continuous spans, ratio of short span to long span should be 0.4 or greater to prevent uplift.
- Spans generated from Weyerhaeuser software may exceed the spans shown in these tables because software reflects actual design conditions.
- For multi-family applications and other loading conditions not shown, refer to Weyerhaeuser software or to the load table on page 8.

Live load deflection is not the only factor that affects how a floor will perform. To more accurately predict floor performance, use TJ Pro™ Ratings included in ForteWEB® and our span table web application.

These Conditions Are NOT Permitted:



DO NOT use sawn lumber for rim board or blocking as it may shrink after installation. Use only engineered lumber



DO NOT bevel cut joist beyond inside face of wall.



DO NOT install hanger overhanging face of plate or beam. Flush bearing plate with inside face of wall or beam.



FLOOR LOAD TABLE

Floor—100% (PLF)

										Joist Cle	ar Span								
		8	} '	1	0'	1:	2'	14	4'	11	6'	1	8'	2	0'	2	2'	24	4'
Depth	®ILT	Live Load L/480	Total Load																
	110	*	190	140	152	85	127	56	99	38	76								
9½"	210	*	210	161	169	99	141	65	119	45	90								
	230	*	236	175	190	108	158	71	133	49	99								
	110	*	190	*	152	*	127	92	109	63	95	45	76						
	210	*	210	*	169	*	141	106	121	74	106	53	92						
117/8"	230	*	236	*	190	*	158	116	136	80	119	58	102	43	83				
	360	*	241	*	193	*	162	136	139	95	121	69	108	51	97	39	78		
	560	*	294	*	236	*	197	*	169	138	148	101	132	76	119	58	108	45	91
	110	*	190	*	152	*	127	*	109	91	95	66	85						
	210	*	210	*	169	*	141	*	121	*	106	76	94	57	85				
14"	230	*	236	*	190	*	158	*	136	115	119	83	106	62	95	47	81		
	360	*	241	*	193	*	162	*	139	*	121	98	108	73	97	56	88	44	81
	560	*	294	*	236	*	197	*	169	*	148	*	132	107	119	83	108	65	99
	110	*	190	*	152	*	127	*	109	*	95	*	85	66	76				
	210	*	210	*	169	*	141	*	121	*	106	*	94	76	85	58	77		
16"	230	*	236	*	190	*	158	*	136	*	119	*	106	83	95	64	87	50	78
	360	*	241	*	193	*	162	*	139	*	121	*	108	*	97	75	88	59	81
	560	*	294	*	236	*	197	*	169	*	148	*	132	*	119	*	108	86	99

^{*} Indicates that Total Load value controls.

How to Use This Table

- 1. Calculate actual total and live load in pounds per linear foot (plf).
- 2. Select appropriate Joist Clear Span.
- 3. Scan down the column to find a TJI® joist that meets or exceeds actual total and live loads.

Refer to PSF to PLF Conversion table on page 31

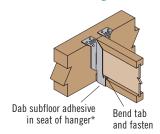
General Notes

- Table is based on:
 - Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end and 3½" intermediate, without web stiffeners.
 - Uniform loads.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - No composite action provided by sheathing.
- Total Load values are limited to deflection of L/240.
- Live Load is based on joist deflection of L/480.
- If a live load deflection limit of L/360 is desired, multiply value in Live Load column by 1.33. The resulting live load must not exceed the Total Load shown
- Table does not account for concentrated loads. Use Weyerhaeuser software when this condition applies.

TIPS FOR PREVENTING FLOOR NOISE

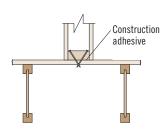
Trus Joist® TJI® joists are structurally uniform and dimensionally stable, and they resist shrinking and twisting. This helps prevent gaps from forming around the nails between the joist and the floor panels—gaps that can potentially cause squeaks or other floor noise. Using TJI® joists can help you build a quieter floor, but only if the entire floor system is installed properly. This is because other components of the floor system, such as hangers, connectors, and nails can be a source of floor noise.

Properly Seat Each Joist in Hanger



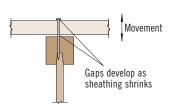
Seat the joist tight to the bottom of the hanger. When using hangers with tabs, bend the flange tabs over and nail to the TJI® joist bottom flange. Placing a dab of subfloor adhesive* in the seat of the hanger prior to installing the joist can reduce squeaks.

Use Adhesive and Special Nailing When Needed



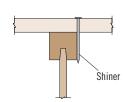
Nail interior partitions to the joists when possible. If the wall can be nailed only to the floor panel, run a bead of adhesive* under the wall and either cross nail, nail through and clinch tight, or screw tightly into the wall from below.

Prevent Shrinkage



Keep building materials dry, and properly glue floor panels to the joists. Panels that become excessively wet during construction shrink as they dry. This shrinkage may leave gaps that allow the panel to move when stepped on.

Avoid "Shiners"



Exercise care when nailing. Nails that barely hit the joists (shiners) do not hold the panel tight to the joist and should be removed. If left in, the nails will rub against the side of the joist when the panel deflects.

For more information and tips on how to prevent floor noise, refer to the Weyerhaeuser Prevention and Repair of Floor System Squeaks Technical Resource Sheet, <u>9009</u>, or contact your Weyerhaeuser representative.



^{*} Weyerhaeuser recommends using a subfloor adhesive that has been qualified as a Class 1/8 in., Type P/O subfloor adhesive in accordance with ASTM D3498-12.

ALLOWABLE HOLES



Table A, End Support: Minimum distance from edge of hole to inside face of nearest end support

Donth	TJI®				● Ro	und Hole	Size						■ S	quare or	Rectang	ular Hole	Size		
Depth	I)I®	2"	3"	4"	5"	6½"	7"	81/8"	11"	13"	2"	3"	4"	5"	6½"	7"	87/8"	11"	13"
	110	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-0"	5'-0"					1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"				
91/2"	210	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-6"					1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	4'-0"	5'-0"				
	230	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"					1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	5'-0"				
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-6"			1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	4'-6"	5'-0"	6'-0"		
	210	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	3'-6"	6'-0"			1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-0"	5'-6"	6'-6"		
117/8"	230	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	3'-6"	6'-6"			1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"	5'-6"	7'-0"		
	360	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-0"	3'-6"	4'-6"	5'-0"	7'-0"			1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"	6'-6"	6'-6"	7'-6"		
	560	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-0"	4'-0"	5'-6"	6'-0"	8'-0"			2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"	5'-6"	7'-0"	7'-6"	8'-0"		
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-0"	5'-6"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-6"	4'-0"	6'-0"	8'-0"	
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	6'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	4'-0"	4'-6"	6'-6"	8'-6"	
14"	230	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	2'-6"	4'-0"	7'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	5'-0"	7'-0"	9'-0"	
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-0"	5'-6"	8'-0"		1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-0"	6'-0"	6'-6"	8'-0"	9'-6"	
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	5'-0"	6'-6"	9'-0"		1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-0"	5'-0"	7'-0"	7'-6"	9'-0"	10'-0"	
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	5'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-0"	3'-0"	5'-6"	7'-6"	10'-0"
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	6'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	3'-6"	6'-6"	8'-0"	11'-0"
16"	230	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-0"	7'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-6"	4'-0"	7'-0"	9'-0"	11'-0"
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	2'-6"	4'-6"	6'-6"	9'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-0"	5'-0"	5'-6"	9'-0"	10'-0"	11'-6"
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-0"	7'-6"	10'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	6'-6"	7'-0"	10'-0"	11'-0"	12'-0"

Table B, Intermediate or Cantilever Support: Minimum distance from edge of hole to inside face of nearest intermediate or cantilever support

	-,																		oupport
Depth	TJI®				Ro	und Hole	Size						■ Si	quare or	Rectang	ular Hole	Size		
Dehrii	IJI	2"	3"	4"	5"	6½"	7"	87/8"	11"	13"	2"	3"	4"	5"	6½"	7"	87/8"	11"	13"
	110	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"	7'-6"					1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"	6'-6"				
9½"	210	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-0"	8'-0"					2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	6'-6"	7'-6"				
	230	2'-6"	3'-0"	4'-0"	5'-6"	8'-6"					2'-0"	3'-6"	4'-6"	6'-6"	7'-6"				
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-0"	4'-6"	8'-6"			1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-0"	7'-0"	7'-0"	9'-6"		
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	5'-0"	9'-0"			1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	8'-0"	8'-0"	10'-0"		
117/8"	230	1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-0"	5'-6"	10'-0"			1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-0"	8'-6"	9'-0"	10'-6"		
	360	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	5'-6"	7'-0"	7'-6"	11'-0"			2'-0"	3'-6"	5'-0"	7'-0"	9'-6"	9'-6"	11'-0"		
	560	1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-6"	5'-6"	8'-0"	8'-6"	12'-0"			3'-0"	4'-6"	6'-0"	8'-0"	10'-6"	11'-0"	12'-0"		
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	4'-6"	8'-6"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"	6'-0"	9'-0"	12'-0"	
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-6"	9'-6"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-6"	6'-0"	7'-0"	10'-0"	13'-0"	
14"	230	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-6"	4'-0"	6'-0"	10'-6"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-0"	6'-6"	7'-6"	11'-0"	13'-6"	
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-6"	5'-6"	6'-0"	8'-6"	12'-6"		1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	5'-6"	9'-0"	10'-0"	12'-0"	14'-0"	
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"	6'-6"	9'-6"	13'-6"		1'-0"	3'-0"	5'-0"	7'-0"	10'-0"	11'-0"	13'-6"	15'-0"	
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"	8'-6"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-6"	4'-6"	8'-6"	11'-6"	15'-0"
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-6"	6'-0"	10'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	4'-6"	5'-6"	10'-0"	12'-6"	16'-0"
16"	230	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	4'-0"	6'-6"	11'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"	6'-0"	10'-6"	13'-6"	16'-6"
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	6'-6"	10'-0"	13'-6"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	7'-6"	8'-6"	13'-0"	14'-6"	17'-0"
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	7'-0"	11'-0"	15'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-6"	5'-6"	9'-0"	10'-0"	14'-6"	16'-0"	18'-0"

• Rectangular holes based on measurement of longest side.

How to Use These Tables

- Using Table A, Table B, or both if required, determine the hole shape/ size and select the TJI® joist and depth.
- 2. Scan horizontally until you intersect the correct hole size column.
- 3. Measurement shown is minimum distance from edge of hole to support.
- 4. Maintain the required minimum distance from the end **and** the intermediate or cantilever support.



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including wood dust which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust. Avoid inhaling wood dust or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/wood.

General Notes

- Holes may be located vertically anywhere within the web. Leave ½ of web (minimum) at top and bottom of hole.
- Knockouts are located in web at approximately 12" on-center; they
 do not affect hole placement and may be located in the hatched
 zone.
- For simple span (5' minimum) uniformly loaded joists meeting the requirements of this guide, one maximum size round hole may be located at the center of the joist span provided that no other holes occur in the joist.
- Distances are based on the maximum uniform loads shown in this guide. For other load conditions or hole configurations, use ForteWEB® software or contact your Weyerhaeuser representative.

DO NOT cut or notch flange.

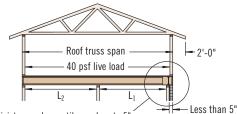


DO NOT cut holes in cantilever reinforcement.





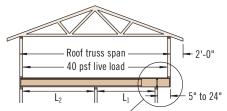
Cantilevers Less than 5" (Brick Ledge) See Section A of cantilever table on page 11



TJI® joists may be cantilevered up to 5" when supporting roof load, assuming:

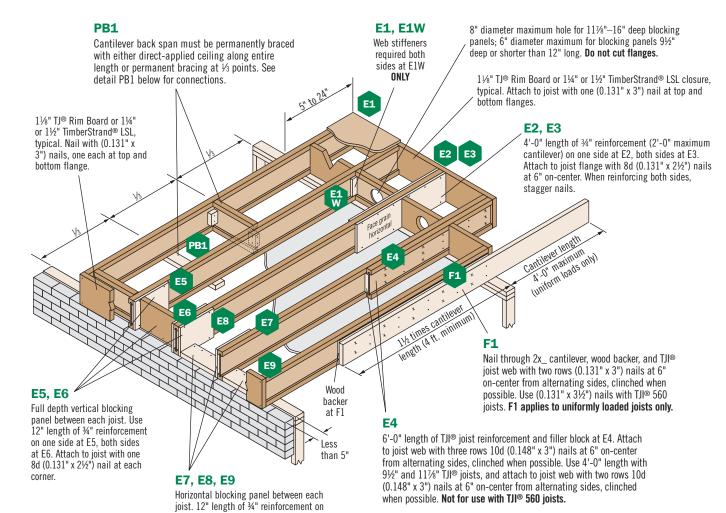
- simple or continuous span
- L₁ ≤ L₂
- minimum backspan = 2x cantilever length

Cantilevers 5" to 24" See Section B of cantilever table on page 11



TJI® joists may be cantilevered 5" to 24" when supporting roof load, assuming:

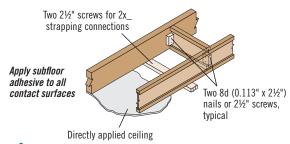
- simple or continuous span
- $L_1 \leq L_2$
- minimum backspan = 2x cantilever length



TJI® joists are intended for dry-use applications

Details E2 – E9 are not for use with joist depths > 16". See pages 20 – 21 for cantilevers using deeper joists.

For more information on details E1 – E9, refer to our cover sheets and AutoCAD details online at weyerhaeuser.com/woodproducts/software-learning.



PB1

When specified on the layout, one of the above bracing options is required

one side with E7, both sides with E8. Attach to joist with one 8d (0.131" x 2½") nail at each corner. No reinforcement at

to floor panel schedule.

E9. Nail rim to blocking panel and blocking

panel to plate with connections equivalent



Cantilever Reinforcement

				Sec	tion A: C	Cantileve	rs less t	han 5" (I	Brick Lei	dge)				Sec	ction B: (Cantileve	ers 5" to	24"		
Donth	TJI®	Roof Truss				Roc	f Total L	oad							Roo	f Total L	oad			
Depth	שונו	Span		35 PSF			45 PSF			55 PSF			35 PSF			45 PSF			55 PSF	
		opu				On-Cen	ter Joist	Spacing							On-Cent	ter Joist	Spacing			
			16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"
		20'						E5			E5						E2			Х
		22'			E5			E5		E5	E5						E3		E2	X
9½" 11½"		24'			E5		E5	E5		E5	E5			E2		E2	Χ	E2	E3	Χ
14"	110	26'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5			E2		E3	Χ	E3	Х	Х
16"		28'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E6		E2	E3	E2	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х
		30'		E5	Χ	E5	E5	Х	E5	E5	Χ		E2	Χ	E3	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х
		32'		Х	Χ	E5	Х	Х	E5	Х	Χ	E2	E3	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х
		20'						E5			E5									E2
		22'						E5			E5						E2		E2	E3
9½"		24'			E5			E5		E5	E5						E3		E2	Χ
11½" 14"	210	26'			E5			E5		E5	E5			E2		E2	E3	E2	E3	Χ
16"		28'			E5		E5	E5		E5	E5			E2		E3	Χ	E3	Х	Χ
.		30'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E6			E3	E2	E3	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ
		32'		E5	Χ		E5	Х	E5	E5	Χ		E2	Χ	E3	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ
		24'			E5			E5		E5	E5						E2		E2	Χ
9½"		26'			E5			E5		E5	E5						E3	E2	E3	Χ
117/8"	000	28'			E5		E5	E5		E5	E5			E2		E2	Χ	E2	Х	Χ
14"	230	30'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5			E2	E2	E3	Χ	E3	Х	Χ
16"		32'		E5	E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E6		E2	E3	E2	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ
		34'		E5	Χ	E5	E5	Х	E5	E5	Χ		E2	Χ	E3	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ
		28'			E5			E5		E5	E5									
		30'			E5			E5		E5	E5									E2
117/8"		32'			E5		E5	E5		E5	E5									E2
14"	360	34'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E6									E3
16"		36'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E6						E2		E2	Х
		38'		E5	E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E6						E3		E3	Х
		40'		E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E5	E6					E2	E3	E2	E3	Х
		30'						E5			E5									
		32'						E5		E5	E5									
111/8"	500	34'			E5			E5		E5	E5									
14" 16"	560	36'			E5			E5		E5	E6									E2
10		38'			E5		E5	E5		E5	E6									E2
		40'			E5		E5	E5	E5	E5	E6									E2

How to Use This Table

- 1. Identify TJI® joist and depth.
- 2. Locate the Roof Truss Span (horizontal) that meets or exceeds your condition.
- 3. Identify the cantilever condition (less than 5" or 5" to 24") and locate the **Roof Total Load** and **On-Center Joist Spacing** for your application.
- 4. Scan down to find the appropriate cantilever detail and refer to drawing on page 10:
 - Blank cells indicate that no reinforcement is required.
 - E4 may be used in place of E2 or E3 except when using TJI® 560 joists.
 - X indicates that cantilever will not work. Use ForteWEB® and Javelin® software, or reduce spacing of joists and recheck table.

General Notes

- Table is based on:
 - 15 psf roof dead load on a horizontal projection.
 - 80 plf exterior wall load with 3'-0" maximum width window or door openings.
 For larger openings, or multiple 3'-0" width openings spaced less than 6'-0" on-center, additional joists beneath the opening's trimmers may be required.
 - Floor load of 40 psf live load and 10 psf dead load.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - Roof truss with 24" soffits.
- ¾" reinforcement refers to ¾" Exposure 1 plywood or other ¾" Exposure 1, 48/24-rated sheathing that is cut to match the full depth of the TJI® joist. Install with face grain horizontal. Reinforcing member must bear fully on the wall plate.
- Designed for 2x4 and 2x6 plate widths.
- For conditions beyond the scope of this table, including cantilevers longer than 24", use our ForteWEB® and Javelin® software.

See page 10 for cantilever details



ROOF SPAN TABLE

Maximum Horizontal Clear Spans—Roof

				_			Design Live	Load (LL) aı	nd Dead Load	(DL) in PSF				
0.C.	Depth	TJI®		Non-Sno							Area (115%)			
Spacing	Dehtii	131-	20LL -	+ 15DL		+ 20DL	25LL -	+ 15DL	30LL -	- 15DL		+ 15DL	50LL -	- 15DL
			Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High
		110	20'-0"	17'-10"	19'-1"	16'-11"	19'-2"	17'-2"	18'-5"	16'-7"	17'-2"	15'-7"	15'-11"	14'-9"
	9½"	210	21'-2"	18'-10"	20'-2"	17'-10"	20'-3"	18'-2"	19'-6"	17'-6"	18'-2"	16'-6"	17'-2"	15'-7"
		230	21'-11"	19'-6"	20'-10"	18'-6"	20'-11"	18'-9"	20'-2"	18'-1"	18'-10"	17'-0"	17'-9"	16'-2"
		110	23'-11"	21'-4"	22'-9"	20'-2"	22'-8"	20'-6"	21'-5"	19'-10"	19'-5"	18'-7"	17'-11"	17'-4"
		210	25'-3"	22'-6"	24'-1"	21'-4"	24'-2"	21'-8"	23'-3"	20'-11"	21'-4"	19'-8"	19'-8"	18'-8"
	111//8"	230	26'-1"	23'-3"	24'-10"	22'-0"	24'-11"	22'-4"	24'-0"	21'-7"	22'-5"	20'-4"	20'-9"	19'-3"
		360	27'-9"	24'-9"	26'-5"	23'-5"	26'-7"	23'-10"	25'-6"	23'- 0"	23'-11"	21'-7"	22'-7"	20'-6"
		560	31'-11"	28'-6"	30'-5"	27'- 0"	30'-7"	27'-5"	29'-5"	26'-5"	27'-6"	24'-10"	26'- 0"	23'-7"
16"		110	27'-2"	24'-3"	25'-7"	23'-0"	24'-9"	23'-4"	23'-4"	22'-4"	21'-2"	20'-5"	19'-6"	18'-11"
	4.411	210	28'-9"	25'-7"	27'-4"	24'-3"	27'-1"	24'-8"	25'-7"	23'-9"	23'-3"	22'-4"	21'-5"	20'-9"
	14"	230	29'-8"	26'-6"	28'-3"	25'-1"	28'-5"	25'-5"	27'-0"	24'-7"	24'-6"	23'-1"	22'-7"	21'-10"
		360	31'-6"	28'-2"	30'-0"	26'-8"	30'-2"	27'-1"	29'-0"	26'-1"	27'-2"	24'-7"	25'-8"	23'-4"
		560	36'-3"	32'-4"	34'-6"	30'-7"	34'-8"	31'-1"	33'-4"	30'-0"	31'-2"	28'-3"	29'-6"	26'-9"
		110	29'-5"	26'-11"	27'-5"	25'-6"	26'-5"	25'-2"	25'-0"	23'-10"	22'-8"	21'-10"	20'-5"	20'-3"
	16"	210	31'-10"	28'-5"	30'-0"	26'-11"	29'-0"	27'-4"	27'-5"	26'-2"	24'-10"	23'-11"	22'-8"	22'-2"
	16"	230	32'-10"	29'-4"	31'-4"	27'-9"	30'-7"	28'-2"	28'-11"	27'-3"	26'-2"	25'-3"	24'-2"	23'-5"
		360	34'-11"	31'-2"	33'-3"	29'-6"	33'-5"	30'- 0"	32'-2"	28'-11"	30'-1"	27'-2"	26'- 0"	25'-10"
		560	40'-1"	35'-9"	38'-2"	33'-11"	38'-4"	34'-5" 16'-1"	36'-11"	33'-2"	34'-6"	31'-3" 14'-7"	31'-8"	29'-8"
	01/11	110 210	18'-9"	16'-9"	17'-11"	15'-10"	18'-0"		17'-3"	15'-7"	15'-9"		14'-6"	13'-10"
	9½"		19'-10"	17'-9"	18'-11"	16'-9"	19'-0"	17'-0"	18'-3"	16'-5"	17'-1"	15'-5"	15'-11"	14'-8"
		230 110	20'-7" 22'-5"	18'-4" 20'-0"	19'-7" 21'-5"	17'-4" 19'-0"	19'-8" 20'-9"	17'-7" 19'-3"	18'-11" 19'-7"	17'-0" 18'-7"	17'-8" 17'-9"	16'-0" 17'-1"	16'-8" 16'-4"	15'-2" 15'-10"
		210	22 - 5	21'-2"	21-5	20'-0"	20 -9	20'-4"	21'-5"	19'-8"	17 -9	18'-6"	17'-11"	17'-4"
	111/8"	230	24'-6"	21'-2	23'-4"	20'-8"	23'-5"	21'-0"	22'-6"	20'-3"	20'-6"	19'-1"	18'-11"	18'-1"
	1178	360	26'-1"	23'-3"	24'-10"	22'-0"	24'-11"	22'-4"	24'- 0"	21'-7"	22'-5"	20'-3"	21'-2"	19'-3"
		560	30'- 0"	26'-9"	28'-7"	25'-4"	28'-8"	25'-9"	27'-7"	24'-10"	25'-9"	23'-4"	24'-4"	22'-2"
		110	25'-1"	22'-10"	23'-4"	21'-7"	22'-7"	21'-5"	21'-4"	20'-4"	19'-4"	18'-7"	17'-0"	17'-3"
19.2"		210	27'-0"	24'-1"	25'-7"	22'-10"	24'-9"	23'-2"	23'-4"	22'-4"	21'-2"	20'-5"	18'-10"	18'-11"
	14"	230	27'-10"	24'-10"	26'-6"	23'-7"	26'-1"	23'-11"	24'-7"	23'-1"	22'-4"	21'-6"	20'-7"	19'-11"
	17	360	29'-7"	26'-5"	28'-2"	25'-0"	28'-4"	25'-5"	27'-3"	24'-6"	25'-6"	23'-1"	21'-7"	21'-8"
		560	34'-0"	30'-4"	32'-5"	28'-9"	32'-7"	29'-2"	31'-4"	28'-2"	29'-3"	26'-6"	26'-5"	25'-2"
		110	26'-10"	25'-4"	25'-0"	23'-5"	24'-2"	22'-11"	22'-10"	21'-9"	20'-1"	19'-11"	17'-0"	18'-3"
		210	29'-5"	26'-8"	27'-5"	25'-4"	26'-5"	25'-2"	25'-0"	23'-11"	22'-3"	21'-10"	18'-10"	20'-2"
	16"	230	30'-11"	27'-7"	28'-11"	26'-1"	27'-11"	26'-6"	26'-4"	25'-2"	23'-11"	23'-0"	21'-2"	21'-3"
	10	360	32'-10"	29'-3"	31'-3"	27'-9"	31'-5"	28'-2"	30'-2"	27'-2"	25'-7"	25'-3"	21'-7"	21'-8"
		560	37'-8"	33'-7"	35'-10"	31'-10"	36'-0"	32'-4"	34'-8"	31'-2"	31'-3"	29'-4"	26'-5"	25'-5"
		110	17'-5"	15'-6"	16'-7"	14'-8"	16'-5"	14'-11"	15'-6"	14'-5"	14'-1"	13'-6"	13'-0"	12'-7"
	9½"	210	18'-5"	16'-5"	17'-6"	15'-6"	17'-7"	15'-9"	16'-11"	15'-3"	15'-5"	14'-4"	14'-3"	13'-7"
	_	230	19'-0"	17'-0"	18'-1"	16'-1"	18'-2"	16'-4"	17'-6"	15'-9"	16'-3"	14'-10"	15'-0"	14'-0"
		110	20'-7"	18'-7"	19'-2"	17'-7"	18'-6"	17'-7"	17'-6"	16'-8"	15'-10"	15'-3"	13'-7"	14'-2"
		210	21'-11"	19'-7"	20'-11"	18'-7"	20'-4"	18'-10"	19'-2"	18'-2"	17'-5"	16'-9"	15'-0"	15'-6"
	111/8"	230	22'-8"	20'-3"	21'-7"	19'-2"	21'-5"	19'-5"	20'-3"	18'-9"	18'-4"	17'-8"	16'-11"	16'-4"
		360	24'-1"	21'-6"	23'- 0"	20'-5"	23'-1"	20'-8"	22'-2"	20'-0"	20'-5"	18'-9"	17'-3"	17'-4"
		560	27'-9"	24'-9"	26'-5"	23'-6"	26'-7"	23'-10"	25'-6"	23'-0"	23'-10"	21'-7"	21'-1"	20'-3"
2411		110	22'-5"	21'-1"	20'-10"	19'-6"	20'-2"	19'-2"	19'-0"	18'-2"	16'-0"	16'-7"	13'-7"	14'-7"
24"		210	24'-7"	22'-4"	22'-11"	21'-1"	22'-1"	21'-0"	20'-10"	19'-11"	17'-10"	18'-3"	15'-0"	16'-1"
	14"	230	25'-9"	23'-0"	24'-1"	21'-10"	23'-4"	22'-2"	22'-0"	21'-0"	20'-0"	19'-3"	16'-11"	17'-0"
		360	27'-5"	24'-6"	26'-1"	23'-2"	26'-3"	23'-6"	25'-0"	22'-8"	20'-5"	20'-2"	17'-3"	17'-4"
		560	31'-6"	28'-1"	30'-0"	26'-8"	30'-2"	27'-0"	29'-0"	26'-1"	24'-11"	23'-7"	21'-1"	20'-3"
		110	24'-0"	22'-8"	22'-4"	20'-11"	21'-7"	20'-6"	19'-8"	19'-6"	16'-0"	16'-11"	13'-7"	14'-7"
		210	26'-3"	24'-9"	24'-6"	22'-11"	23'-8"	22'-6"	21'-9"	21'-4"	17'-10"	18'-9"	15'-0"	16'-1"
	16"	230	27'-9"	25'-6"	25'-10"	24'-2"	24'-11"	23'-8"	23'-7"	22'-6"	20'-0"	19'-9"	16'-11"	17'-0"
		360	30'-4"	27'-1"	28'-11"	25'-8"	28'-2"	26'-1"	25'-0"	24'-1"	20'-5"	20'-2"	17'-3"	17'-4"
		560	34'-10"	31'-2"	33'-2"	29'-6"	33'-4"	29'-11"	30'-6"	28'-3"	24'-11"	23'-7"	21'-1"	20'-3"

How to Use This Table

- 1. Determine appropriate live and dead load, and the load duration factor.
- 2. If your slope is 6:12 or less, use the **Low** slope column. If it is between 6:12 and 12:12, use the **High** column.
- 3. Scan down the column until you find a span that meets or exceeds the span of your application.
- 4. Select TJI® joist and on-center spacing.

General Notes

- Table is based on:
 - $-\,$ Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end and 3½" intermediate, without web stiffeners.
 - Uniform loads.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - Minimum roof slope of 1/4:12.
- Total load values are limited to deflection of L/180 and live load is based on joist deflection of L/240.
- For continuous spans, ratio of short span to long span should be 0.4 or greater to prevent uplift.
- A support beam or wall at the high end is required. Ridge board applications do not provide adequate support.
- For flat roofs or other loading conditions not shown, refer to Weyerhaeuser software.

ROOF LOAD TABLE



Roof—115% and 125% Load Duration (PLF)

		Total	Load	Defl.															
Depth	TJI®	Snow 115%	Non- Snow 125%	Live Load L/240															
	İ								Roof Jo	ist Horizo	ontal Cle	ar Span						•	
			6'			8'			10'			12'	,		14'			16'	
	110	289	314	*	218	237	*	175	190	*	146	159	*	114	124	112	88	95	77
9½"	210	321	349	*	242	263	*	194	211	*	162	176	*	137	149	130	105	115	90
	230	360	392	*	272	295	*	218	237	*	182	198	*	153	166	143	117	127	99
	110	289	314	*	218	237	*	175	190	*	146	159	*	125	136	*	110	119	*
	210	321	349	*	242	263	*	194	211	*	162	176	*	139	151	*	122	132	*
117/8"	230	360	392	*	272	295	*	218	237	*	182	198	*	156	170	*	137	149	*
	360	368	400	*	277	301	*	223	242	*	186	202	*	159	173	*	140	152	*
	560	449	488	*	338	368	*	272	295	*	227	246	*	195	212	*	170	185	*
	110	289	314	*	218	237	*	175	190	*	146	159	*	125	136	*	110	119	*
14"	210	321	349	*	242	263	*	194	211	*	162	176	*	139	151	*	122	132	*
14"	230	360	392 400	*	272 277	295 301	*	218 223	237 242	*	182	198 202	*	156	170 173	*	137 140	149 152	*
-	360 560	368	400	*	338	368	*	272	295	*	186 227	246	*	159 195	212	*	170	185	*
	110	449 289	314	*	218	237	*	175	190	*	146	159	*	125	136	*	110	119	*
-	210	321	349	*	242	263	*	175	211	*	162	176	*	139	150	*	122	132	*
16"	230	360	392	*	272	295	*	218	237	*	182	198	*	156	170	*	137	149	*
10	360	368	400	*	277	301	*	223	242	*	186	202	*	150	173	*	140	152	*
-	560	449	488	*	338	368	*	272	295	*	227	246	*	195	212	*	170	185	*
	300	443	18'		330	20'		212	22'		221	24'		133	26'		170	28'	
	110		-10																
9½"	210	83	86	64															
"	230	93	94	71															
	110	88	95	91		77	68												
	210	106	115	106	86	93	79		77	60									
117/8"	230	117	128	116	95	103	86	79	85	66									
	360	124	135	*	112	122	103	102	105	78	82	82	61						
	560	152	165	*	137	148	*	124	135	117	114	122	91	97	97	73	79	79	59
	110	98	106	*	84	92	*		76	75									
	210	108	118	*	97	106	*	84	91	87		77	68						
14"	230	122	132	*	110	119	*	93	101	95	78	85	74						
	360	124	135	*	112	122	*	102	111	*	93	101	88	86	94	70	76	76	57
	560	152	165	*	137	148	*	124	135	*	114	124	*	105	114	104	98	106	85
	110	98	106	*	88	96	*	80	87	*									
	210	108	118	*	97	106	*	89	96	*	81	88	*		75	73			
16"	230	122	132	*	110	119	*	100	108	*	90	97	*	76	83	79			
	360	124	135	*	112	122	*	102	111	*	93	101	*	86	94	*	80	87	76
	560	152	165	*	137	148	*	124	135	*	114	124	*	105	114	*	98	106	*

^{*} Indicates that **Total Load** value controls.

Slope Factors

Slope	2½:12	3:12	3½:12	4:12	4½:12	5:12	6:12	7:12	8:12	9:12	10:12	11:12	12:12
Factor	1.021	1.031	1.042	1.054	1.068	1.083	1.118	1.158	1.202	1.250	1.302	1.357	1.414

How to Use These Tables

- 1. Calculate actual total load in pounds per linear foot (plf).
- Select appropriate Roof Joist Horizontal Clear Span. For slopes greater than 2:12, approximate the increased dead load by multiplying the joist horizontal clear span by the Slope Factor above.
- 3. Scan down the column to find a TJI® joist that meets or exceeds actual total load.

General Notes

- Tables are based on:
 - Minimum bearing length of $13\!4\text{"}$ end and $31\!2\text{"}$ intermediate, without web stiffeners.
 - Uniform loads.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - Minimum roof slope of 1/4:12.
- Total Load values are limited to deflection of L/180. For stiffer deflection criteria, use the Live Load L/240 values.



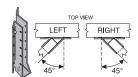
FRAMING CONNECTORS (SIMPSON STRONG-TIE®)







Single Joist, Face Mount



Face Mount Skewed 45° Joist Hanger



Double Joist, Top Mount



Double Joist, Face Mount



Variable Slope Seat Joist Hanger



Variable Slope Seat Connector

Joi	ist	Sing	le Joist—T	op Mount		Singl	e Joist—Fa	ace Mount		Face Mount	Skewed 4	5° Joist Ha	nger ⁽¹⁾
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N:	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	Na	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing
nehtii	III	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist
	110	ITS1.81/9.5	975	10d	N.A.	IUS1.81/9.5	950	10d	N.A.	SUR/L1.81/9	1,220	16d	10d x 1½"
9½"	210	ITS2.06/9.5	1,070	10d	N.A.	IUS2.06/9.5	950	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.1/9	1,330	16d	10d x 1½"
	230	ITS2.37/9.5	1,120	10d	N.A.	IUS2.37/9.5	950	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.37/9	1,330	16d	10d x 1½"
	110	ITS1.81/11.88	975	10d	N.A.	IUS1.81/11.88 ⁽¹⁾	975	10d	N.A.	SUR/L1.81/11	1,240	16d	10d x 1½"
	210	ITS2.06/11.88	1,070	10d	N.A.	IUS2.06/11.88 ⁽¹⁾	1,070	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.1/11	1,380	16d	10d x 1½"
117/8"	230	ITS2.37/11.88	1,120	10d	N.A.	IUS2.37/11.88 ⁽¹⁾	1,120	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.37/11	1,410	16d	10d x 1½"
	360	ITS2.37/11.88	1,140	10d	N.A.	IUS2.37/11.88 ⁽¹⁾	1,140	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.37/11	1,430	16d	10d x 1½"
	560	ITS3.56/11.88 ⁽⁶⁾	1,150	10d	N.A.	IUS3.56/11.88 ⁽¹⁾⁽⁶⁾	1,150	10d	N.A.	SUR/L410	1,495	16d	16d
	110	ITS1.81/14	975	10d	N.A.	IUS1.81/14 ⁽¹⁾	975	10d	N.A.	SUR/L1.81/14	1,240	16d	10d x 1½"
	210	ITS2.06/14	1,070	10d	N.A.	IUS2.06/14 ⁽¹⁾	1,070	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.1/14	1,380	16d	10d x 1½"
14"	230	ITS2.37/14	1,120	10d	N.A.	IUS2.37/14 ⁽¹⁾	1,120	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.37/14	1,410	16d	10d x 1½"
	360	ITS2.37/14	1,140	10d	N.A.	IUS2.37/14 ⁽¹⁾	1,140	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.37/14	1,430	16d	10d x 1½"
	560	ITS3.56/14 ⁽⁶⁾	1,150	10d	N.A.	IUS3.56/14(1)(6)	1,150	10d	N.A.	SUR/L414	1,495	16d	16d
	110	ITS1.81/16	975	10d	N.A.	IUS1.81/16 ⁽¹⁾	975	10d	N.A.	SUR/L1.81/14	1,240	16d	10d x 1½"
	210	ITS2.06/16	1,070	10d	N.A.	IUS2.06/16 ⁽¹⁾	1,070	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.1/14	1,380	16d	10d x 1½"
16"	230	ITS2.37/16	1,120	10d	N.A.	IUS2.37/16 ⁽¹⁾	1,120	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.37/14	1,410	16d	10d x 1½"
	360	ITS2.37/16	1,140	10d	N.A.	IUS2.37/16 ⁽¹⁾	1,140	10d	N.A.	SUR/L2.37/14	1,430	16d	10d x 1½"
	560	ITS3.56/16 ⁽⁶⁾	1,150	10d	N.A.	IUS3.56/16 ⁽¹⁾⁽⁶⁾	1,150	10d	N.A.	SUR/L414	1,495	16d	16d

Joi	ist	Dou	ble Joist—	Top Mour	nt	Double Joist—Face Mount					
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing		
Dehtii	ارا ا	naligei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	панден	(lbs)	Header	Joist		
	110	MIT49.5	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU3.56/9 ⁽¹⁾	2,215	16d	10d x 1½"		
9½"	210	MIT4.28/9.5	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.28/9	2,305	16d	10d x 1½"		
	230	MIT359.5-2	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/9	2,305	16d	10d x 1½"		
	110	MIT411.88	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU3.56/11 ⁽¹⁾	2,215	16d	10d x 1½"		
	210	MIT4.28/11.88	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.28/11 ⁽¹⁾	2,395	16d	10d x 1½"		
117/8"	230	MIT3511.88-2	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/11 ⁽¹⁾	2,490	16d	10d x 1½"		
	360	MIT3511.88-2	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/11	2,525	16d	10d x 1½"		
	560	HB7.12/11.88	3,450	16d	16d	HU412-2	2,380	16d	16d		
	110	MIT414	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU3.56/14 ⁽¹⁾	2,215	16d	10d x 1½"		
	210	MIT4.28/14	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.28/14 ⁽¹⁾	2,395	16d	10d x 1½"		
14"	230	MIT3514-2	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/14 ⁽¹⁾	2,490	16d	10d x 1½"		
	360	MIT3514-2	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/14 ⁽¹⁾	2,525	16d	10d x 1½"		
	560	HB7.12/14	3,450	16d	16d	HU414-2	2,925	16d	16d		
	110	MIT416	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU3.56/16 ⁽¹⁾	2,215	16d	10d x 1½"		
	210	BA4.28/16	2,655	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.28/16 ⁽¹⁾	2,395	16d	10d x 1½"		
16"	230	MIT4.75/16	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/16 ⁽¹⁾	2,490	16d	10d x 1½"		
	360	MIT4.75/16	2,115	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/16 ⁽¹⁾	2,525	16d	10d x 1½"		
	560	HB7.12/16	3,450	16d	16d	HU414-2	2,925	16d	16d		

Joist	Vai	riable Slop	e Seat Joi	st Hanger	(3)		
		Capaci	ty (lbs)	Nailing			
TJI®	Hanger	Sloped ⁽¹⁾ Only	Sloped and Skewed	Header	Joist		
110	LSSR1.81Z	945	945	10d	10d x 1½"		
210	LSSR2.1Z	1,035	1,035	10d	10d x 1½"		
230	LSSR2.37Z	1,090	1,060	10d	10d x 1½"		
360	LSSR2.37Z	1,110	1,060	10d	10d x 1½"		
560	LSSR410Z	1,300	1,300	16d	16d		

Joist	Varia	ble Slope S	eat Conn	ector(2)
TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	Na	iling
III	naligei	(lbs)	Header	Joist
110	VPA25	975	10d	10d x 1½"
210	VPA2.1	1,070	10d	10d x 1½"
230	VPA35	1,120	10d	10d x 1½"
360	VPA35	1,140	10d	10d x 1½"
560	VPA4	1,245	10d	10d x 1½"

General Notes

Bold italic hangers require web stiffeners.

Capacities will vary with different nailing criteria or other support conditions; contact your Weyerhaeuser representative for assistance.

- Hanger capacities shown are either joist bearing capacity or hanger capacity—whichever is less. Joist end reaction must be checked to ensure it does not exceed the capacity shown in the tables.
- All capacities are for downward loads at 100% duration of load.
- Fill all round, dimple, and positive-angle nail holes.
- Use sloped seat hangers and beveled web stiffeners when TJI® joist slope exceeds ¼:12.
- Leave ½16" clearance (½" maximum) between the end of the supported joist and the header or hanger.
- Nails: 16d = 0.162" x 3½", 10d = 0.148" x 3", and 10d x 1½" = 0.148" x 1½".

Support Requirements

- Support material assumed to be Trus Joist[®] engineered lumber or sawn lumber (Douglas fir or southern pine species).
- Minimum support width for single- and double-joist top mount hangers is 3" (1½" for ITS hangers).
- Minimum support width for face mount hangers with 10d and 16d nails (clinched) is 1½" and 1¾", respectively.

Also see table footnotes on page 15

FRAMING CONNECTORS (USP STRUCTURAL CONNECTORS)









Single Joist, Face Mount



Face Mount Skewed 45° Joist Hanger



Double Joist, Top Mount



Double Joist, Face Mount



Variable Slope Seat Joist Hanger



Variable Slope Seat Connector

Joi	ist	Sing	le Joist—1	Top Mount		Singl	e Joist—F	ace Mount		Face Moun	t Skewed 4	5° Joist Ha	inger ⁽¹⁾
Donth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing
Depth	الاا	панден	(lbs)	Header	Joist	панден	(lbs)	Header	Joist	панден	(lbs)	Header	Joist
	110	TH017950	975	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL17925	960	10d	N.A.	SKH1720L/R	945	10d	10d x 1½"
91/2"	210	TFL2095	1,070	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL20925	960	10d	N.A.	<i>SKH2020L/R</i>	1,035	10d	10d x 1½"
	230	TFL2395	1,120	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL23925	960	10d	N.A.	SKH2320L/R	1,090	10d	10d x 1½"
	110	TH017118	975	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL17112 ⁽¹⁾	1,105	10d	N.A.	SKH1720L/R	945	10d	10d x 1½"
	210	TFL20118	1,070	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL20112	1,200	10d	N.A.	SKH2020L/R	1,035	10d	10d x 1½"
117/8"	230	TFL23118	1,120	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL23112	1,200	10d	N.A.	SKH2320L/R	1,090	10d	10d x 1½"
	360	TFL23118	1,140	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL23112	1,200	10d	N.A.	SKH2320L/R	1,110	10d	10d x 1½"
	560	TH035118	1,430	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL35112	1,200	10d	N.A.	SKH410L/R ⁽⁴⁾	1,460	16d	16d
	110	TFL1714	975	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL1714 ⁽¹⁾	1,105	10d	N.A.	SKH1720L/R	945	10d	10d x 1½"
	210	TFL2014	1,070	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL2014(1)	1,200	10d	N.A.	SKH2020L/R	1,035	10d	10d x 1½"
14"	230	TFL2314	1,120	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL2314(1)	1,245	10d	N.A.	SKH2324L/R	1,090	10d	10d x 1½"
	360	TFL2314	1,140	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL2314(1)	1,265	10d	N.A.	SKH2324L/R	1,110	10d	10d x 1½"
	560	TH035140	1,430	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL3514	1,440	10d	N.A.	SKH414L/R ⁽⁴⁾	1,460	16d	16d
	110	TFL1716	975	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL1716 ⁽¹⁾	1,105	10d	N.A.	SKH1724L/R	945	10d	10d x 1½"
	210	TFL2016	1,070	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL2016(1)	1,200	10d	N.A.	SKH2024L/R	1,035	10d	10d x 1½"
16"	230	TFL2316	1,120	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL2316(1)	1,245	10d	N.A.	SKH2324L/R	1,090	10d	10d x 1½"
	360	TFL2316	1,140	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL2316(1)	1,265	10d	N.A.	SKH2324L/R	1,110	10d	10d x 1½"
	560	TH035160	1,430	10d	10d x 1½"	IHFL3516(1)	1,460	10d	N.A.	SKH414L/R ⁽⁴⁾	1,460	16d	16d

Joi	ist	Dou	ble Joist—	-Top Mour	ıt	Doul	ble Joist—	Face Mou	nt
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	N	ailing
nehtii	ارارا	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist
	110	TH035950	2,150	10d	10d x 1½"	IHF35925	1,250	10d	10d x 1½"
9½"	210	TH020950-2	2,655	16d	10d	IHF20925-2	1,250	10d	10d x 1½"
	230	TH023950-2	2,660	16d	10d	IHF23925-2	1,250	10d	10d x 1½"
	110	TH035118	2,150	10d	10d x 1½"	IHF35112	1,250	10d	10d x 1½"
	210	TH020118-2	2,655	16d	10d	IHF20112-2	1,250	10d	10d x 1½"
117/8"	230	TH023118-2	2,730	16d	10d	THF23118-2	1,890	10d	10d
	360	TH023118-2	2,770	16d	10d	THF23118-2	1,890	10d	10d
	560	BPH71118	3,075	16d	10d	HD7120	2,465	16d	16d
	110	TH035140	2,150	10d	10d x 1½"	IHF3514	1,500	10d	10d x 1½"
	210	TH020140-2	2,655	16d	10d	IHF2014-2	1,500	10d	10d x 1½"
14"	230	TH023140-2	2,730	16d	10d	THF23140-2	2,490	10d	10d
	360	TH023140-2	2,770	16d	10d	THF23140-2	2,525	10d	10d
	560	BPH7114	3,075	16d	10d	HD7140	2,925	16d	16d
	110	TH035160	2,150	10d	10d x 1½"	IHF3516	1,750	10d	10d x 1½"
	210	TH020160-2	2,655	16d	10d	IHF2014-2	1,500	10d	10d x 1½"
16"	230	TH023160-2	2,730	16d	10d	THF23160-2	2,490	10d	10d
	360	TH023160-2	2,770	16d	10d	THF23160-2	2,525	10d	10d
	560	BPH7116	3,075	16d	10d	HD7140	2,925	16d	16d

Joist	Va	Variable Slope Seat Joist Hanger ⁽³⁾										
		Capaci	ty (lbs)	Nailing								
TJI®	Hanger	Sloped Only	Sloped and Skewed	Header	Joist							
110	LSSH179	1,200	1,200	10d	10d x 1½"							
210	LSSH20	1,200	1,200	10d	10d x 1½"							
230	LSSH23	1,200	1,200	10d	10d x 1½"							
360	LSSH23	1,200	1,200	10d	10d x 1½"							
560	LSSH35	1,595	1,595	16d	10d x 1½"							

Joist	Variab	le Slope Se	at Conne	ctor ⁽⁵⁾
TII®	Hanger	Capacity	Na	iling
III	Hallgei	(lbs)	bs) Header Jc 220 10d 10d 220 10d 10d 330 10d 10d 505 10d 10d 505 10d 10d	Joist
110	TMP175	1,220	10d	10d x 1½"
110	TMPH175	1,220	10d	10d x 1½"
210	TMP21	1,330	10d	10d x 1½"
210	TMPH21	1,330	10d	10d x 1½"
230	TMP23	1,330	10d	10d x 1½"
230	TMPH23	1,330	10d	10d x 1½"
360	TMP23	1,505	10d	10d x 1½"
300	TMPH23	1,505	10d	10d x 1½"
560	TMP4	1,705	10d	10d x 1½"
300	TMPH4	1,725	10d	10d x 1½"

Hanger information on these two pages was provided by either Simpson Strong-Tie® or USP Structural Connectors®. For additional information, please refer to their literature.

Table footnotes for pages 14 and 15:

- (1) Face mount and LSSR hanger capacities may be increased up to 15% for snow roofs or 25% for non-snow roofs
- (2) VPA connectors are allowed on slopes of 3:12 through 12:12 only
- (3) LSSR and LSSH hangers can be field adjusted for slopes and skews of up to 45 degrees. Additional lateral restraints are required for 16" deep TJI® joists.
- (4) Miter cut is required at end of joist.
- (5) TMP connectors are allowed on slopes of 1:12 through 6:12 only, and TMPH connectors are allowed on slopes of 6:12 through 12:12 only.
- (6) Capacity may be increased to 1,330 lbs if web stiffeners are used.

See General Notes on page 14

SECTION 2: 18" – 24" TJI® JOISTS

This section contains design information for 18" - 24" deep Trus Joist® TJI® joists used in residential, multi-family, or light-commercial applications.

18" – 20" deep TJI® joists are readily available through your local Weyerhaeuser dealer or distributor. Offered with the flange sizes shown below, they come in lengths up to 60' (in 1' increments). 22" and 24" deep TJI® joists are only available in some regions; for more information, contact your Weyerhaeuser representative.

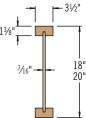
Design Properties (100% Load Duration)

			Basic P	roperties		Reaction Properties								
Depth	TJI	Joist	Maximum Resistive	Joist Only El x 10 ⁶	Maximum Vertical		" End ion (lbs)		rmediate on (lbs)	5¼" Intermediate Reaction (lbs)				
360		Weight (lbs/ft)	Moment ⁽¹⁾ (ft-lbs)	(lbs-in.2)	Shear (lbs)	No Web Stiffeners	With Web Stiffeners ⁽²⁾	No Web Stiffeners	With Web Stiffeners ⁽²⁾	No Web Stiffeners	With Web Stiffeners ⁽²⁾			
	360	3.7	9,465	1,085	2,425	1,080	1,440	2,460	2,815	3,000	3,360			
18"	560	4.8	14,550	1,631	3,030	1,265	1,740	3,000	3,475	3,455	3,930			
	560D	5.0	14,785	1,661	3,080	1,400	2,030	3,350	3,980	3,965	4,600			
	360	4.0	10,515	1,376	2,660	1,080	1,440	2,460	2,815	3,000	3,360			
20"	560	5.1	16,165	2,064	3,345	1,265	1,740	3,000	3,475	3,455	3,930			
	560D	5.3	16,435	2,105	3,345	1,400	2,190	3,350	4,140	3,965	4,755			
22"	560D	5.6	18,075	2,606	3,615	NA ⁽³⁾	2,345	NA ⁽³⁾	5,090	NA ⁽³⁾	5,705			
24"	560D	5.8	19,700	3,165	3,400	NA ⁽³⁾	2,345	NA ⁽³⁾	5,405	NA ⁽³⁾	6,020			

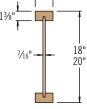


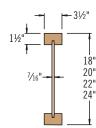
- (2) See detail W on page 27 for web stiffener requirements and nailing information.
- (3) Web stiffeners are required at all bearing locations for 22" and 24" TJI® 560D joists.

TJI® 360 Joist



TJI® 560 Joist





TJI® 560D Joist

General Notes

- Design reaction includes all loads on the joist. Design shear is computed at the inside face of supports and includes all loads on the span(s). Allowable shear may sometimes be increased at interior supports in accordance with ICC-ES ESR-1153, and these increases are reflected in span tables.
- The formulas at right approximate the uniform load deflection of Δ (inches).

TJI® joists are intended for dry-use applications Some TJI® joist series may not be available in your region. Contact your Weverhaeuser representative for information.

For TJI® 360 Joists

$$\Delta = \frac{22.5 \text{ wL}^4}{\text{El}} + \frac{2.67 \text{ wL}^2}{\text{d x } 10^5}$$

For TJI® 560 and 560D Joists

$$\Delta = \frac{22.5 \text{ wL}^4}{\text{EI}} + \frac{2.29 \text{ wL}^2}{\text{d x } 10^5}$$

w = uniform load in pounds per linear foot

L = span in feet

d = out-to-out depth of the joist in inches

El = value from table above

DO NOT walk on joists until braced. INJURY MAY RESULT.



DO NOT stack building materials on unsheathed ioists. Stack only over beams or walls.



DO NOT walk on joists that are lying flat.

WARNING

Joists are unstable until braced laterally

Bracing Includes:

- Blocking
- Hangers
- Rim Board
- Sheathing
- Rim Joist
- Strut Lines

WARNING NOTES: Lack of proper bracing during construction can result in serious accidents. Observe the following guidelines:

- 1. All blocking, hangers, rim boards, and rim joists at the end supports of the TJI® joists must be completely installed and properly nailed.
- 2. Lateral strength, like a braced end wall or an existing deck, must be established at the ends of the bay. This can also be accomplished by a temporary or permanent deck (sheathing) fastened to the first 4 feet of joists at the end of the bay.
- 3. Safety bracing of 1x4 (minimum) must be nailed to a braced end wall or sheathed area (as in note 2) and to each joist. Without this bracing, buckling sideways or rollover is highly probable under light construction loads—such as a worker or one layer of unnailed sheathing.
- 4. Sheathing must be completely attached to each TJI® joist before additional loads can be placed on the system.
- 5. Ends of cantilevers require safety bracing on both the top and bottom flanges.
- 6. The flanges must remain straight within a tolerance of ½" from true alignment.



L/480 Live Load Deflection

Donth	TII®	40 PSF Live	e Load / 10 PSF	Dead Load	40 PSF Live Load / 25 PSF Dead Load					
Depth	l)lo	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.			
18"	360	28'-8"	26'-10"(1)	21'-5"(1)	24'-9"(1)	20'-7"(1)	16'-6"(1)			
10	560, 560D	32'-5"	30'-7"(1)	25'-2"(1)	29'-1" ⁽¹⁾	24'-2"(1)	19'-4"(1)			
2011	360	31'-0"(1)	26'-10"(1)	21'-5"(1)	24'-9"(1)	20'-7"(1)	16'-6"(1)			
20"	560, 560D	35'-1"	31'-6"(1)	25'-2"(1)	29'-1"(1)	24'-2"(1)	19'-4"(1)			
22"	560D	37'-11"	35'-9"	33'-2"	37'-11"	35'-9"	31'-2"			
24"	560D	40'-6"	38'-1"	35'-5"	40'-6"	38'-1"	33'-1"			

L/360 Live Load Deflection (Minimum Criteria per Code)

Depth	TII®	40 PSF Live	e Load / 10 PSF	Dead Load	40 PSF Live	e Load / 25 PSF	Dead Load
Dehtii	Ille	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.
18"	360	31'-9"(1)	26'-10"(1)	21'-5"(1)	24'-9"(1)	20'-7"(1)	16'-6"(1)
10	560, 560D	35'-11"(1)	31'-6"(1)	25'-2"(1)	29'-1" (1)	24'-2"(1)	19'-4"(1)
20"	360	32'-3"(1)	26'-10"(1)	21'-5"(1)	24'-9"(1)	20'-7"(1)	16'-6 "(1)
20	560, 560D	37'-10"(1)	31'-6"(1)	25'-2"(1)	29'-1"(1)	24'-2"(1)	19'-4"(1)
22"	560D	42'-0"	39'-7"	36'-10"	40'-8"	37'-2"	31'-2"
24"	560D	44'-9"	42'-3"	39'-3"	42'-6"	38'-9"	33'-1"

(1) Web stiffeners are required at intermediate supports of continuous-span joists when the intermediate bearing length is **less** than 5¼" and the span on either side of the intermediate bearing is greater than the following spans:

Depth	TJI®	40 PSF Live	Load / 10 PSF	Dead Load	40 PSF Live	Load / 25 PSF	Dead Load
Dehtii	III	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.	16" o.c.	19.2" o.c.	24" o.c.
18" and	360	29'-4"	24'-5"	19'-6"	22'-7"	18'-9"	15'-0"
20"	560, 560D	35'-10"	29'-10"	23'-10"	27'-7"	22'-11"	18'-4"

Long term deflection under dead load, which includes the effect of creep, has not been considered. Bold italic spans reflect
initial dead load deflection exceeding 0.33".

Live load deflection is not the only factor that affects how a floor will perform.

To more accurately predict floor performance, use our IJ-Pro™ Ratings.

How to Use These Tables

- 1. Determine the appropriate live load deflection criteria.
- 2. Identify the live and dead load condition.
- Select on-center spacing and scan down the column until you meet or exceed the span of your application.
- 5. Select TJI® joist and depth.

General Notes

- Tables are based on:
 - Uniform loads.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - Clear distance between supports
 - 18" and 20" TJI® joists: Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end (no web stiffeners) and 3½" intermediate.
 - 22" and 24" TJI[®] joists: Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end and 3½" intermediate; web stiffeners required at all bearings.
- Assumed composite action with a single layer of 24" on-center span-rated, glue-nailed floor panels for deflection only. When subfloor adhesive is not applied, spans shall be reduced 6" for nails and 12" for proprietary fasteners.
- For continuous spans, ratio of short span to long span should be 0.4 or greater to prevent uplift.
- Spans generated from Weyerhaeuser software may exceed the spans shown in these tables because software reflects actual design conditions.
- For multi-family applications and other loading conditions not shown, refer to Weyerhaeuser software or to the load table below.

FLOOR LOAD TABLES

Floor—100% (PLF)

							Joist Cle	ar Span					
		8	!	10	D'	1:	2'	14	4'	10	6'	18	B'
Depth	TJI®	Live Load L/480	Total Load										
	360	*	241	*	193	*	162	*	139	*	121	*	108
18"	560, 560D	*	294	*	236	*	197	*	169	*	148	*	132
	360	*	241	*	193	*	162	*	139	*	121	*	108
20"	560, 560D	*	294	*	236	*	197	*	169	*	148	*	132
22"	560D	*	499	*	401	*	335	*	287	*	252	*	224
24"	560D	*	530	*	426	*	356	*	305	*	267	*	238
		2	0'	2:	2'	2	4'	2	6'	2	8'	31	0'
	360	*	97	*	88	76	81	61	75				
18"	560, 560D	*	119	*	108	*	99	89	91	72	85	60	79
	360	*	97	*	88	*	81	*	75				
20"	560, 560D	*	119	*	108	*	99	*	91	*	85	75	79
22"	560D	*	202	*	183	*	168	137	155	112	144	93	135
24"	560D	*	214	*	195	*	179	164	165	134	153	111	143

^{*} Indicates that Total Load value controls.

How to Use This Table

- 1. Calculate actual total and live load in pounds per linear foot (plf).
- 2. Select appropriate Joist Clear Span.
- 3. Scan down the column to find a TJI® joist that meets or exceeds actual total and live loads.

General Notes

- Tables are based on:
 - Uniform loads.
 - $-\,$ No composite action provided by sheathing.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - 18" and 20" TJI® joists: Minimum bearing length of 134" end and 3½" intermediate (no web stiffeners).
 - 22" and 24" TJI® joists: Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end and 3½" intermediate; web stiffeners required at all bearings.
- Total Load values are limited to deflection of L/240.
- Live Load is based on joist deflection of L/480.
- If a live load deflection limit of L/360 is desired, multiply value in Live Load column by 1.33. The resulting live load must not exceed the Total Load shown
- Table does not account for concentrated loads. Use Weyerhaeuser software when this condition applies.

See page 31 for PSF to PLF Conversion Table

ALLOWABLE HOLES

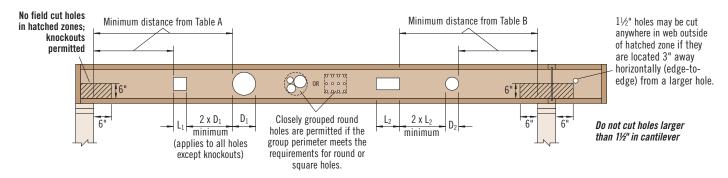


Table A—End Support

Minimum distance from edge of hole to inside face of nearest end support)

Depth	TJI®					Round	Hole Siz	ze							Square	or Rect	angular	Hole Si	ze		
Dehtii	IJI	4"	6"	7"	8"	10"	12"	14¾"	16¾"	18¾"	20"	4"	6"	7"	8"	10"	12"	14¾"	16¾"	18¾"	20"
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	5'-6"	9'-6"				1'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	6'-0"	10'-0"	11'-0"	13'-6"			
18"	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-6"	7'-0"	10'-6"				2'-0"	5'-0"	6'-6"	8'-0"	11'-0"	12'-0"	14'-0"			
	560D	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"	7'-6"	11'-0"				3'-0"	5'-6"	6'-6"	8'-0"	10'-6"	11'-6"	13'-6"			
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	7'-0"	10'-0"			1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-6"	8'-0"	11'-6"	13'-6"	15'-6"		
20"	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-6"	8'-6"	11'-0"			1'-0"	3'-6"	5'-0"	7'-0"	10'-6"	13'-0"	14'-6"	15'-6"		
	560D	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-6"	6'-0"	9'-0"	11'-6"			2'-6"	5'-0"	6'-0"	7'-0"	10'-0"	12'-6"	14'-0"	15'-0"		
22"	560D	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-6"	5'-0"	7'-0"	9'-6"	12'-6"		1'-0"	3'-6"	5'-0"	6'-6"	14'-6"	15'-0"	16'-0"	16'-6"	17'-0"	
24"	560D	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-6"	5'-0"	7'-0"	8'-6"	11'-0"	12'-6"	1'-6"	4'-0"	5'-0"	6'-6"	9'-6"	15'-0"	16'-0"	16'-6"	17'-0"	17'-0"

Table B—Intermediate or Cantilever Support

Minimum distance from edge of hole to inside face of nearest intermediate or cantilever support

Donth	TJI®					Round	Hole Siz	ze							Square	or Rect	angular	Hole Si	ze		
Depth	الاا	4"	6"	7"	8"	10"	12"	14¾"	16¾"	18¾"	20"	4"	6"	7"	8"	10"	12"	14¾"	16¾"	18¾"	20"
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-0"	6'-0"	9'-0"	14'-6"				1'-0"	4'-0"	6'-6"	9'-0"	14'-6"	16'-6"	19'-0"			
18"	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	6'-0"	10'-0"	15'-6"				1'-0"	6'-0"	8'-6"	11'-6"	16'-6"	18'-0"	19'-6"			
	560D	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-6"	7'-6"	11'-0"	16'-6"				3'-0"	7'-6"	9'-6"	11'-6"	16'-0"	17'-0"	19'-0"			
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-0"	6'-0"	11'-0"	15'-0"			1'-0"	1'-6"	4'-0"	7'-0"	12'-6"	16'-6"	19'-0"	20'-6"		
20"	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	5'-6"	11'-6"	15'-6"			1'-0"	3'-0"	6'-0"	8'-6"	14'-0"	17'-6"	19'-0"	20'-6"		
	560D	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	4'-6"	8'-6"	13'-6"	17'-0"			1'-0"	5'-6"	8'-0"	10'-0"	15'-0"	18'-0"	19'-6"	20'-6"		
22"	560D	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"	6'-6"	8'-0"	11'-0"	14'-6"	17'-6"		3'-6"	6'-6"	8'-6"	10'-0"	19'-0"	20'-0"	21'-0"	21'-6"	22'-0"	
24"	560D	2'-6"	4'-0"	5'-0"	5'-6"	7'-0"	8'-6"	11'-0"	13'-6"	16'-0"	17'-6"	5'-0"	7'-6"	9'-0"	10'-6"	14'-0"	20'-0"	21'-0"	21'-6"	22'-0"	22'-0"

[•] Rectangular holes based on measurement of longest side.

How to Use These Tables

- 1. Using **Table A**, **Table B**, or both if required, determine the hole shape/size and select the TJI® joist and depth.
- 2. Scan horizontally until you intersect the correct hole size column.
- 3. Measurement shown is minimum distance from edge of hole to support.
- Maintain the required minimum distance from the end and the intermediate or cantilever support.



General Notes

- Holes may be located vertically anywhere within the web. Leave 1/8" of web (minimum) at top and bottom of hole.
- Knockouts are located in web at approximately 12" on-center; they do not affect
 hole placement and may be located in the hatched zone.
- For simple span (5' minimum) uniformly loaded joists meeting the requirements
 of this guide, one maximum size round hole may be located at the center of the
 joist span provided that no other holes occur in the joist.
- Distances are based on the maximum uniform loads shown in this guide. For other load conditions or hole configurations, use ForteWEB® software or contact your Weyerhaeuser representative.



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including wood dust which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust. Avoid inhaling wood dust or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/wood.

Safety data sheets for all Weyerhaeuser wood products can be found on our website at: weyerhaeuser.com/sustainability/environment/product-stewardship/safety-data-sheets.



Maximum Horizontal Clear Spans — Roof (slopes of 3:12 or less)

0.0				Design Liv	e Load (LL) an	d Dead Load (DL) in PSF	
O.C. Spacing	Depth	TJI®	Non-Sno	w (125%)		Snow Load /	Area (115%)	
Spacing			20LL + 15DL	20LL + 20DL	25LL + 15DL	30LL + 15DL	40LL + 15DL	50LL + 15DL
	18"	360	39'-8"	37'-11"	37'-11"	36'-5"	30'-9"	26'-0"
	10	560, 560D	45'-6"	43'-5"	43'-6"	41'-9"	37'-6"	31'-8"
16"	20"	360	43'-0"	41'-1"	41'-1"	37'-7"	30'-9"	26'-0"
10	20	560, 560D	49'-3"	47'-0"	47'-1"	45'-3"	37'-6"	31'-8"
	22"	560D	53'-3"	50'-10"	50'-11"	48'-11"	45'-8"	42'-10"
	24"	560D	56'-10"	54'-3"	54'-4"	52'-2"	48'-9"	45'-5"
	18"	360	37'-3"	35'-7"	35'-3"	31'-4"	25'-7"	21'-7"
	10	560, 560D	42'-9"	40'-9"	40'-10"	38'-2"	31'-3"	26'-5"
19.2"	20"	360	40'-5"	38'-4"	35'-3"	31'-4"	25'-7"	21'-7"
13.2	20	560, 560D	46'-3"	44'-2"	43'-0"	38'-2"	31'-3"	26'-5"
	22"	560D	50'-0"	47'-9"	47'-10"	45'-11"	42'-10"	39'-8"
	24"	560D	53'-5"	51'-0"	51'-0"	49'-0"	45'-1"	41'-5"
	18"	360	34'-6"	30'-7"	28'-2"	25'-0"	20'-5"	17'-3"
	10	560, 560D	39'-7"	37'-4"	34'-4"	30'-6"	24'-11"	21'-1"
24"	20"	360	35'-0"	30'-7"	28'-2"	25'-0"	20'-5"	17'-3"
24	20	560, 560D	42'-9"	37'-4"	34'-4"	30'-6"	24'-11"	21'-1"
	22"	560D	46'-4"	44'-2"	44'-3"	42'-6"	38'-7"	35'-6"
	24"	560D	49'-5"	47'-2"	47'-2"	44'-6"	40'-3"	37'-1"

How to Use This Table

- 1. Determine appropriate live and dead load, and the load duration factor.
- 2. Scan down the column until you find a span that meets or exceeds the span of your application.
- 4. Select TJI® joist and on-center spacing.

General Notes

- Table is based on:
 - Uniform loads.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - Roof slopes of 1/4:12 minimum, 3:12 maximum.
 - 18" and 20" TJI® joists: Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end and 3½" intermediate (no web stiffeners).
 - 22" and 24" TJI® joists: Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end and 3½" intermediate; web stiffeners required at all bearings.
- Total load values are limited to deflection of L/180 and live load is based on joist deflection of L/240.
- For continuous spans, ratio of short span to long span should be 0.4 or greater to prevent uplift.
- A support beam or wall at the high end is required. Ridge board applications do not provide adequate support.
- For flat roofs or other loading conditions not shown, refer to Weyerhaeuser software.

ROOF LOAD TABLE

Roof—115% and 125% Load Duration (PLF) (slopes of 3:12 or less)

		Total	Load	Defl.															
Depth	TJI®	Snow 115%	Non- Snow 125%	Live Load L/240															
									Roof Jo	ist Horiz	ontal Cle	ar Span							
			8'			10'			12'			14'			16'			18'	
18"	360	277	301	*	223	242	*	186	202	*	159	173	*	140	152	*	124	135	*
10	560, 560D	338	368	*	272	295	*	227	246	*	195	212	*	170	185	*	152	165	*
20"	360	277	301	*	223	242	*	186	202	*	159	173	*	140	152	*	124	135	*
20	560, 560D	338	368	*	272	295	*	227	246	*	195	212	*	170	185	*	152	165	*
22"	560D	574	624	*	461	501	*	385	419	*	331	359	*	290	315	*	258	280	*
24"	560D	610	663	*	490	532	*	409	445	*	351	382	*	307	334	*	274	297	*
			20'			22'			24'			26'			28'			30'	
18"	360	112	122	*	102	111	*	93	101	*	86	94	*	80	87	*	75	81	*
10	560, 560D	137	148	*	124	135	*	114	124	*	105	114	*	98	106	*	91	99	*
20"	360	112	122	*	102	111	*	93	101	*	86	94	*	80	87	*	75	81	*
20	560, 560D	137	148	*	124	135	*	114	124	*	105	114	*	98	106	*	91	99	*
22"	560D	232	252	*	211	229	*	193	210	*	179	194	*	166	180	*	155	168	*
24"	560D	246	268	*	224	244	*	205	223	*	190	206	*	176	192	*	164	179	*

^{*} Indicates that Total Load value controls.

How to Use These Tables

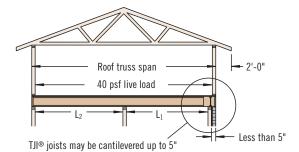
- 1. Calculate actual total load in pounds per linear foot (plf).
- 2. Select appropriate **Roof Joist Horizontal Clear Span**. For slopes of 2:12 and 3:12, approximate the increased dead load by multiplying the joist horizontal clear span by a slope factor of 1.014 and 1.031, respectively.
- 3. Scan down the column to find a TJI $^{\!@}$ joist that meets or exceeds actual total load.

General Notes

- Table is based on:
 - Uniform loads.
 - No composite action provided by sheathing.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - Roof slope of 1/4:12 minimum, 3:12 maximum.
 - **18" and 20" TJI® joists:** Minimum bearing length of 1% end and 3% intermediate (no web stiffeners).
 - 22" and 24" TJI® joists: Minimum bearing length of 1¾" end and 3½" intermediate; web stiffeners required at all bearings.
- Total Load values are limited to deflection of L/180. For stiffer deflection criteria, use the Live Load L/240 values.

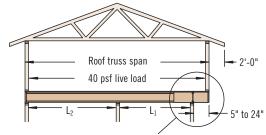


Cantilevers Less Than 5" (Brick Ledge) See Section A of cantilever table on page 21



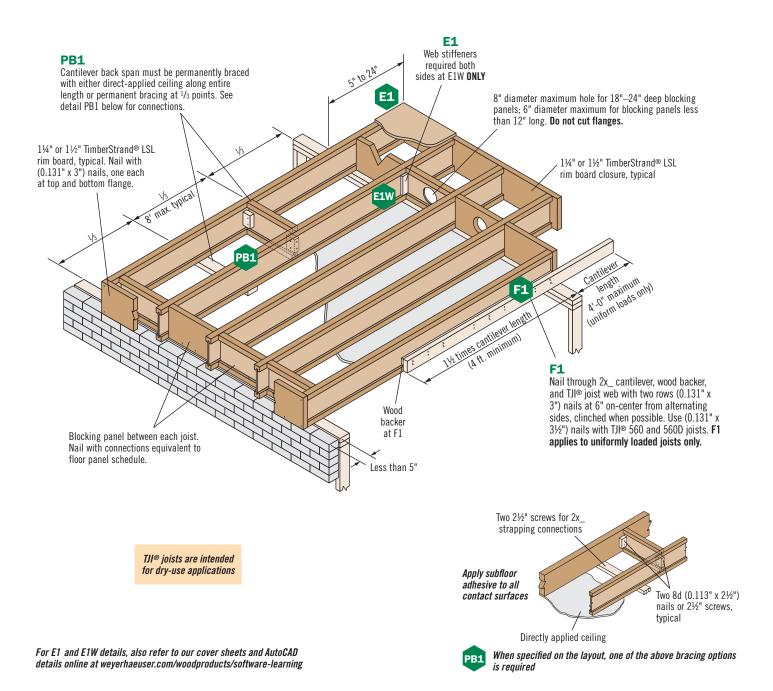
- when supporting roof load, assuming:
 simple or continuous span
- \blacksquare $L_1 \leq L_2$
- minimum backspan = 2x cantilever length

Cantilevers 5" to 24" See Section B of cantilever table on page 21



TJI® joists may be cantilevered 5" to 24" when supporting roof load, assuming:

- simple or continuous span
- \blacksquare $L_1 \leq L_2$
- minimum backspan = 2x cantilever length





Cantilever Reinforcement

				Se	ction A: l	Cantileve	ers less ti	han 5" (B	Brick Led	lge)				Se	ction B:	Cantileve	ers 5" to .	24"		
	TUE	Roof				Roc	of Total L	oad							Roc	f Total L	oad			
Depth	TJI®	Truss Span		35 PSF			45 PSF			55 PSF			35 PSF			45 PSF			55 PSF	
		Span				On-Cen	ter Joist	Spacing	,						On-Cen	ter Joist	Spacing			
			16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"	16"	19.2"	24"
		24'						Х			Х									
		26'						Χ			Χ									
		28'			Х			Х		Х	Χ									
18"		30'			Χ			Χ		Х	Χ									
or	360	32'			Х		Χ	Х		Х	Χ									
20"		34'			Х		Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ									E1W
		36'			Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х									E1W
		38'		Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						E1W			E1W
		40'		Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х						E1W			Х
		24'									Χ									
		26'									Χ									
		28'						Х			Χ									
18"	560.	30'						Х			Х									
or	560D	32'						Х		Х	Х									
20"	3000	34'			Х			Х		Х	Х									
		36'			Х			Х		Х	Х									
		38'			Х		Х	Х		Х	Х									
		40'			Х		Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ									
		24'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W
		26'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W
		28'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W
22"		30'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W
or	560D	32'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W
24"		34'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W
		36'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W
		38'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W
		40'	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W	E1W

How to Use This Table

- 1. Identify TJI® joist and depth.
- 2. Locate the **Roof Truss Span** (horizontal) that meets or exceeds your condition.
- 3. Identify the cantilever condition (less than 5" or 5" to 24") and locate the **Roof Total Load** and **On-Center Joist Spacing** for your application.
- 4. Scan down to find the appropriate cantilever detail and refer to drawing on nage 20:
 - Blank cells indicate that no reinforcement is required.
 - X indicates that cantilever will not work. Use ForteWEB® or Javelin® software, or reduce spacing of joists and recheck table.

General Notes

- Table is based on:
 - 15 psf roof dead load on a horizontal projection.
 - 80 plf exterior wall load with 3'-0" maximum width window or door openings.
 For larger openings, or multiple 3'-0" width openings spaced less than 6'-0" on-center, additional joists beneath the opening's trimmers may be required.
 - Floor load of 40 psf live load and 10 psf dead load.
 - More restrictive of simple or continuous span.
 - Roof truss with 24" soffits.
- Designed for 2x4 and 2x6 plate widths.
- For conditions beyond the scope of this table, including cantilevers longer than 24", use our ForteWEB® or Javelin® software.

See page 20 for cantilever details

These Conditions are **NOT** Permitted:



DO NOT use sawn lumber for rim board or blocking as it may shrink after installation. Use only engineered lumber



DO NOT bevel cut joist beyond inside face of wall.



DO NOT install hanger overhanging face of plate or beam. Flush bearing plate with inside face of wall or beam.



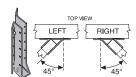
FRAMING CONNECTORS (SIMPSON STRONG-TIE®)



Single Joist, Top Mount



Single Joist, Face Mount



Face Mount Skewed 45° Joist Hanger



Double Joist, Top Mount



Double Joist, Face Mount



Variable Slope Seat Joist Hanger



Variable Slope Seat Connector

J	oist	Si	ngle Joist—	Top Mount		Sing	le Joist—Fa	ace Mount	(1)	Face Moi	ınt Skewed	45° Joist H	langer
Depth	®ILT	Hongor	Capacity	Na	ailing	Hongor	Capacity	Na	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	Na	ailing
Dehtii	III	Hanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist	Hanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist	naligei	(lbs)	Header	Joist
18"	360	MIT3518	1,265	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU2.37/18	1,260	16d	10d x 1½"	SUR/L2.37/14	1,430	16d	10d x 1½"
10	560, 560D	MIT418	1,460	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU3.56/18	1,460	16d	10d x 1½"	SUR/L414	1,495	16d	16d
20"	360	MIT3520	1,265	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU2.37/20	1,260	16d	10d x 1½"	SUR/L2.37/14	1,430	16d	10d x 1½"
20	560, 560D	MIT420	1,460	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU3.56/20	1,460	16d	10d x 1½"	SUR/L414	1,495	16d	16d
22"	560D	HIT422	2,220	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU3.56/20	2,555	16d	10d x 1½"	SUR/L414 (6)	2,400	16d	16d
24"	560D	HIT424	2,220	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU3.56/20	2,555	16d	10d x 1½"	SUR/L414 (6)	2,400	16d	16d

J	oist	Do	uble Joist—	Top Moun	t	Doul	ole Joist—F	ace Mount	(1)
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	N:	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	Na	ailing
Dehtii	III	naligei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	naligei	(lbs)	Header	Joist
18"	360	BA4.75/18	2,765	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/18	2,525	16d	10d x 1½"
10	560, 560D	HB7.12/18	3,450	16d	16d	HU414-2	2,925	16d	16d
20"	360	BA4.75/20	2,765	16d	10d x 1½"	MIU4.75/20	2,525	16d	10d x 1½"
20	560, 560D	HB7.12/20	3,450	16d	16d	HU414-2	2,925	16d	16d
22"	560D	HB7.12/22	5,395	16d	16d	HU414-2	2,975	16d	16d
24"	560D	HB7.12/24	5,395	16d	16d	HU414-2 ⁽⁶⁾	2,975	16d	16d

Hanger information on this page was provided by either Simpson Strong-Tie® or USP Structural Connectors®. For additional information, please refer to their literature.

J	oist	V	ariable Slope	Seat Joist Ha	nger ⁽³⁾⁽⁶⁾	
			Capaci	ty (lbs)	Na	ailing
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Sloped Only	Sloped and Skewed	Header	Joist
18"-20"	360	LSSR2.37Z	1,110	1,060	10d	10d x 1½"
10 -20	560, 560D	LSSR410Z	1,300	1,300	16d	16d
22"-24"	560D	LSSR410Z	2,365	1,810	16d	16d

J	oist	Variab	le Slope Sea	t Connect	tor ⁽²⁾
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	Na	ailing
Dehtii	III	naligei	(lbs)	Header	Joist
18"-20"	360	VPA35	1,140	10d	10d x 1½"
10 -20	560, 560D	VPA4	1,245	10d	10d x 1½"
22"-24"	560D	VPA4	1,245	10d	10d x 1½"

General Notes

Bold italic hangers require web stiffeners.

Capacities will vary with different nailing criteria or other support conditions; contact your Weyerhaeuser representative for assistance.

- Hanger capacities shown are either joist bearing capacity or hanger capacity—whichever is less. Joist end reaction must be checked to ensure it does not exceed the capacity shown in the tables.
- All capacities are for downward loads at 100% duration of load.
- Fill all round, dimple, and positive-angle nail holes.
- Use sloped seat hangers and beveled web stiffeners when TJI® joist slope exceeds ¼:12. Maximum slope for 18"-24" joists is 3:12.
- Leave 1/16" clearance (1/8" maximum) between the end of the supported joist and the header or hanger.
- Nails: 16d = 0.162" x $3\frac{1}{2}$ ", 10d = 0.148" x 3", and 10d x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " = 0.148" x $1\frac{1}{2}$ ".

Also see additional notes on page 23

FRAMING CONNECTORS (USP STRUCTURAL CONNECTORS)





Single Joist, Top Mount



Single Joist, Face Mount



Face Mount Skewed 45° Joist Hanger



Double Joist, Top Mount



Double Joist, Face Mount



Variable Slope Seat Joist Hanger



Variable Slope Seat Connector

J	Joist Single Joist—Top Mount			Single Joist—Face Mount(1)				Face Mount Skewed 45° Joist Hanger					
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Capacity	Na	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	Na	ailing	Hanger	Capacity	Na	ailing
Dehtii	IN	nangei	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nanger	(lbs) Header Joist	Joist	Hallgel	(lbs)	Header	Joist	
18"	360	TFI3518	1,260	16d	10d x 1½"	IHF2318 ⁽¹⁾	1,260	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2324L/R	1,110	10d	10d x 1½"
10	560, 560D	TFI418	1,460	16d	10d x 1½"	IHF3518 ⁽¹⁾	1,460	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH414L/R ⁽⁴⁾	1,460	16d	16d
20"	360	TFI3520	1,260	16d	10d x 1½"	IHF2318 ⁽¹⁾	1,260	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH2324L/R ⁽⁶⁾	1,110	10d	10d x 1½"
20	560, 560D	TFI420	1,460	16d	10d x 1½"	IHF3518 ⁽¹⁾	1,460	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH414L/R ⁽⁴⁾	1,460	16d	16d
22"	560D	TF1422	2,555	16d	10d x 1½"	IHF3518	1,750	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH414L/R ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	2,555	16d	16d
24"	560D	TF1424	2,555	16d	10d x 1½"	IHF3518	1,750	10d	10d x 1½"	SKH414L/R ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	2,555	16d	16d

J	Joist Double Joist—Top Mount			Double Joist—Face Mount					
Depth	TJI® Hanger	Capacity Nailing		ailing	Hanger	Capacity	Nailing		
Dehtii	III	Hanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist	nanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist
18"	360	TH023180-2	2,765	16d	10d	THF23160-2(1)	2,525	10d	10d
10	560, 560D	BPH7118	3,075	16d	10d	HD7160 ⁽¹⁾	2,925	16d	10d
20"	360	TH023200-2	2,765	16d	10d	THF23160-2(1)	2,525	10d	10d
20	560, 560D	BPH7120	3,075	16d	10d	HD7160 ⁽¹⁾	2,925	16d	10d
22"	560D	BPH7122	3,075	16d	10d	HD7160	3,695	16d	10d
24"	560D	BPH7124	3,075	16d	10d	HD7160	3,695	16d	10d

Joist V			ariable Slope Seat Joist Hanger (3)(6)				
			Capaci	ty (lbs)	Nailing		
Depth	TJI®	Hanger	Sloped Only	Sloped and Skewed	Header	Joist	
18"-20"	360	LSSH23	1,200	1,200	10d	10d x 1½"	
10 -20	560, 560D	LSSH35	1,595	1,595	16d	10d x 1½"	
22"-24"	560D	LSSH35	2,645	1,610	16d	10d x 1½"	

J	oist	Variable Slope Seat Connector ⁽⁵⁾					
Denth TJI®		Honor	Capacity	Nailing			
Depth	IJI°	Hanger	(lbs)	Header	Joist		
18"-20"	360	TMP23	1,505	10d	10d x 1½"		
10 -20	560, 560D	TMP4	1,705	10d	10d x 1½"		
22"-24"	560D	TMP4	1,705	10d	10d x 1½"		

Table Footnotes

- (1) Face mount hanger capacities may be increased up to 15% for snow roofs or 25% for non-snow roofs.
- (2) For joist depths 18" and deeper, use only at a 3:12 slope.
- (3) For TJI® joist depths 18" and deeper, use only up to a 3:12 slope; skew up to 45 degrees. Additional lateral restraints are required for 18"-24" deep TJI® joists.
- (4) Miter cut is required at end of joists.
- (5) For joist depths 18" and deeper, use only on slopes 1:12 through 3:12.
- (6) Additional lateral restraints are required.

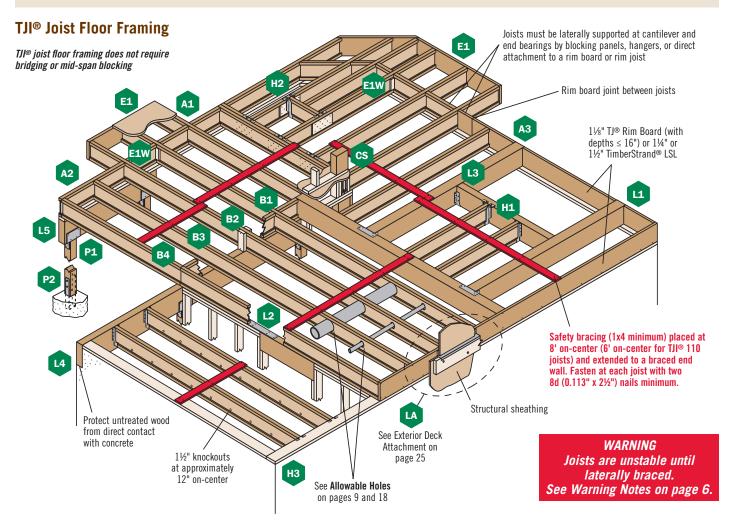
Support Requirements

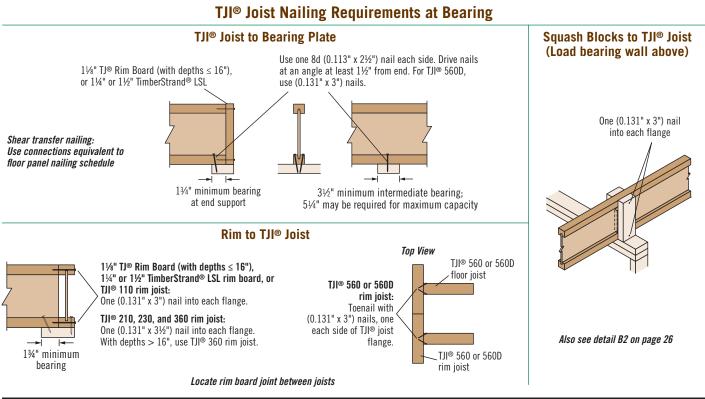
- Support material assumed to be Trus Joist® engineered lumber or sawn lumber (Douglas fir or southern pine species).
- Minimum support width for single- and double-joist top mount hangers is 3".
- Minimum support width for face mount hangers with 10d and 16d nails (clinched) is 1½" and 1¾", respectively.

See General Notes on page 22

SECTION 3: DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ALL JOISTS

This section contains framing details and design information applicable to all joist depths shown in this guide.

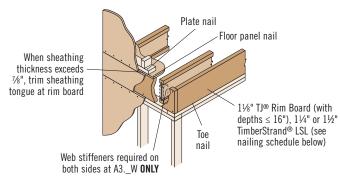




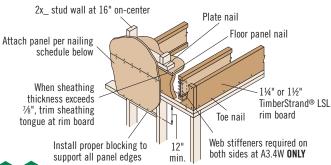
RIM BOARD SELECTION AND INSTALLATION



Rim board is often an important structural link in the ability of a home to resist lateral seismic and wind loads. It also transfers vertical load around the TJI® joists. Rim board detail A3 (shown below) satisfies conventional construction requirements. But if your project requires a designed solution, see Weyerhaeuser's *Rim Board Specifier's Guide*, <u>TJ-8000</u>, which features additional information on rim board selection and installation.







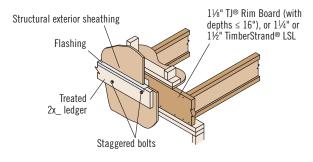


Rim Board Installation

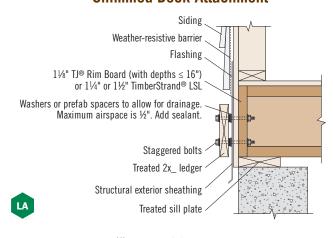
Itim Board Ino	Aim Board motanation							
Specifications	A3, Conventional Construction, Code Minimum	A3.1, A3.2, A3.3, A3.4 Designed Solution						
Rim Board Thickness	1½" TJ® Rim Board, or 1¼" or 1½" TimberStrand® LSL							
Plate Nail: (0.131" x 3")	12" o.c. ⁽¹⁾	See Weyerhaeuser's						
Floor Panel Nail: 8d (0.131" x 2½")	6" o.c.	Rim Board Specifier's Guide (Reorder #TJ-8000)						
Toe Nail: (0.131" x 3")	6" o.c.							
Wall Sheathing	Per code							

(1) Per code, increase nailing to 4" on center for braced walls.

Exterior Deck Attachment



Shimmed Deck Attachment



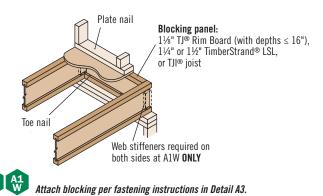
Ledger Fastener(1) Capacities

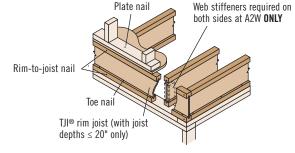
		Fastener	Fastener Allowable Load ⁽²⁾ (lbs/bolt)					
	Rim Board Material	½" Lag Bolt	½" Through Bolt	½" Through Bolt with Air Space				
ĺ	11/8" TJ® Rim Board(3)	480	695					
ĺ	1¼" TimberStrand®LSL	610	725	615(4)				
	1½" TimberStrand® LSL	675	725					

- (1) Corrosion-resistant fasteners required in wet-service applications.
- (2) Allowable load determined in accordance with ASTM D7672.
- (3) $1\frac{1}{8}$ " TJ® Rim Board is allowed with joist depths ≤ 16 " only.
- (4) Maximum ½" shimmed air space.

General Notes

- Maintain 2" distance (minimum) from edge of ledger to fastener. Stagger bolts.
- Local building codes may require through bolts with washers.
- Lateral restraining connections may be required. Refer to 2015 IRC R507.2.4 and 2018 IRC R507.9.2 and the WIJMA deck connection details.
- See Weyerhaeuser's *Rim Board Specifier's Guide*, <u>TJ-8000</u>, for more information.



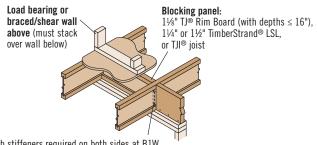




Must have 1¾" minimum joist bearing at ends. Attach rim joist per fastening instructions in Detail A3.



FLOOR DETAILS

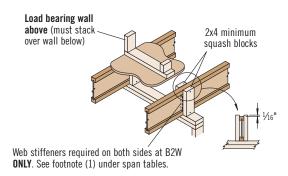


Web stiffeners required on both sides at B1W ONLY. See footnote (1) under span tables.





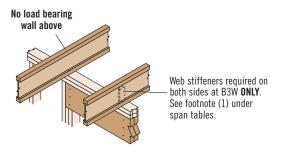
IRC 502.7 requires lateral restraint (blocking) at all intermediate supports in Seismic Design Categories D_0 , D_1 , and D_2 to strengthen the floor diaphragm



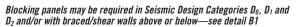


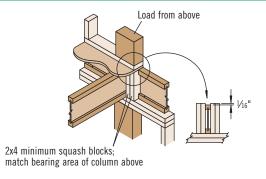


Blocking panels may be required in Seismic Design Categories D_0 , D_1 , and D₂ and/or with braced/shear walls above or below—see detail B1



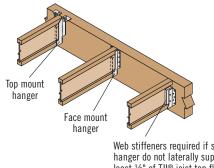






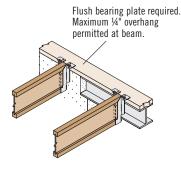


Use 2x4 minimum squash blocks to transfer load around TJI® joist





Web stiffeners required if sides of hanger do not laterally support at least 3/8" of TJI® joist top flange





FASTENER SPACING AND DIAPHRAGM DESIGN

	Closest O	n-Center Spacing po	er Row ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	
8 UT	8d (0.113" x 2½"), 8d (0.131" x 2½"), 10d (0.128" x 3"), 12d (0.128" x 3¾")	100 (0.148" X 3"),	16d (0.162" x 3½")	Diaphragm Design Information
110 and 210	4"	4"(3)	6"	
230	4"	4"(3)	6"	See ICC-ES ESR-1153
360, 560 and 560D	3"	4"(3)	6"	

- (1) Stagger nails when using 4" on-center spacing or less and maintain 3/4" joist and panel edge distance. One row of fasteners is permitted (two at abutting panel edges) for diaphragms. Fastener spacing for TII® joists in diaphragm applications cannot be less than shown in table. When fastener spacing for blocking is less than above, rectangular blocking must be used in lieu of TII® joists.
- (2) For non-diaphragm applications, multiple rows of fasteners are permitted if the rows are offset at least ½" and staggered.
- (3) Can be reduced to 3" on-center for light gauge steel straps with 10d (0.148" x 1½") nails.
- Maximum spacing of nails is 18" on-center.
- 14 gauge staples may be substituted for 8d (0.113" x 2½") nails if minimum penetration of 1" is achieved.
- Table also applies to the attachment of TJI® rim joists and blocking panels to the wall plate.

Filler and Backer Block Sizes

TJI®		11	0	21	0	230 o	r 360	360		560		560D
Depth	1	9½"-11½"	14"-16	9½"-11½"	14"-16"	9½"-11½"	14"-16"	18"-20"	117⁄8"	14"-16"	18"-20"	22"-24"
Filler Blo (Detail F		2x6	2x8	2x6 + 3/8" sheathing	2x8 + 3/8" sheathing	2x6 + ½" sheathing	2x8 + ½" sheathing	2x12 + ½" sheathing	Two 2x6	Two 2x8	Two 2x12	Four ¾" x 15" sheathing
Cantilever (Detail E		2x6 4'-0" long	2x10 6'-0" long	2x6 + 3/8" sheathing, 4'-0" long	2x10 + 3/8" sheathing, 6'-0" long	2x6 + ½" sheathing, 4'-0" long	2x10 + ½" sheathing, 6'-0" long	Not applicable		Not appl	icable	
Backer Blo (Detail F1 o		5/8" 0	ır ¾"	3⁄4" 0	r ⅓"		⅓" or 1" net		2x6	2x8	2x12	Two ¾" x 15" sheathing
Nail Size	Filler Backer		(0.131" x 3")							(0.131'' x (0.131''	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Nail	Filler			15			15 32				50	
Quantity ⁽²⁾	Backer				15 15			15				

- (1) If necessary, increase filler and backer block height for face mount hangers and maintain 1/2" gap at top of joist. See detail W on page 27. Filler and backer block dimensions should accommodate required nailing without splitting. The suggested minimum length is 24" for filler and 12" for backer blocks.
- (2) Clinch nails when possible.
- (3) For filler block connections, drive nails from alternating sides.

Nails Installed on the Narrow Face

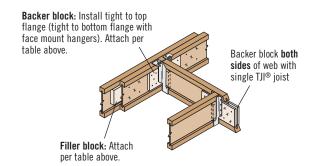
	Closest On-Center Spacing per Row				
Nail Size	11/8" TJ® Rim Board(1)	TimberStrand® LSL			
	178 IJ KIIII DUATU	1¼"	1½"		
8d (0.113" or 0.131" x 2½"), 10d (0.128" x 3"), 12d (0.128" x 3½")	6"	4"	3"		
10d (0.148" x 3"), 12d (0.148" x 31/4")	6"	4"	3"		
16d (0.162" x 3½")	16"(2)	6"(3)	6"(3)		
(0.131" x 3"-3½")	6"	4"	3"		

- (1) 1½" TJ® Rim Board is allowed with joist depths ≤ 16" only.
- (2) Can be reduced to 5" on-center if nail penetration into the narrow edge is no more than $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (to minimize splitting).
- (3) Can be reduced to 4" on-center if nail penetration into the narrow edge is no more than 1¼" (to minimize splitting).
- To minimize splitting, maintain edge distance and row spacing of 2½ x nail diameter or ¾", whichever is greater. Multiple rows must be staggered and equally spaced from the centerline of the narrow face axis.
- 14 gauge staples may be substituted for 8d (0.113" x $2\frac{1}{2}$ ") nails if minimum penetration of 1" is achieved.

Vertical Load Transfer at Bearing

Rim Board or Blocking Material	Depth	Allowable Uniform Vertical Load (PLF)	Concentrated Load (lbs)		
TJI® 110, 210, 230, 360, 560	9½"-16"	2,100			
TJI® 360		1,550			
TJI® 560	18"-20"	1,550	_		
TJI® 560D		2,250(1)			
TJI® 560D (blocking only)	22"-24"	1,700(1)			
	9½", 11¾"				
11/8" TJ® Rim Board or blocking	14"	4,860(2)	4,150		
	16"				
	9½"–14"	5,400(2)			
	16"	5,000			
1¼" TimberStrand® LSL	18"	4,340	3,760		
1/4 Tilliber Strailu - LSL	20"	3,700	3,700		
	22"	3,160			
	24"	2,710	1		
	9½"–16"	6,480(2)			
	18"	6,380			
1½" TimberStrand® LSL	20"	5,740	4,520		
	22"	5,070			
	24"	4,440			

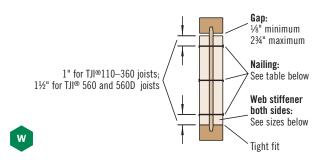
- (1) Capacity is based on calculation
- (2) Capacity is limited to a maximum of 360 psi per ASTM D7672
- Loads shall not be increased for duration of load.





With top mount hangers, backer block required only for downward loads exceeding 250 lbs or for uplift conditions

Web Stiffener Attachment



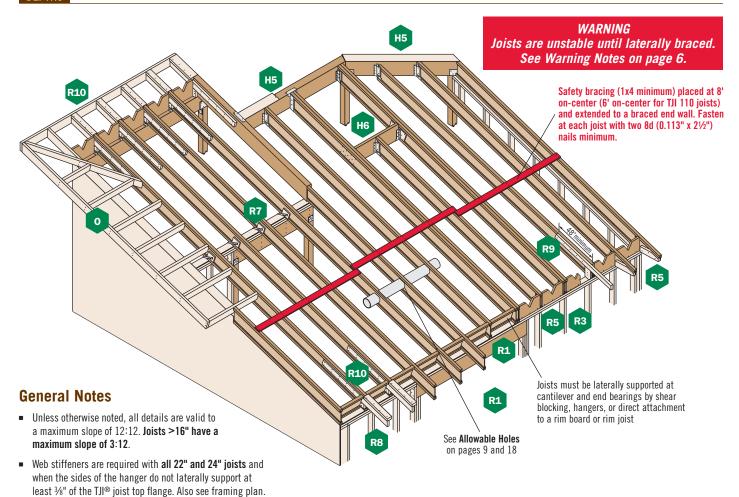
Web Stiffener Requirements

TJI®	Depth	Minimum Web	Nail Type	# of	Nails
	(in.)	Stiffener Size	naii type	End	Int.
110	All	5/8" x 25/16"(1)		3	3
210	All	34" x 2 5/16"(1)	8d (0.113" x 2½")	3	3
230, 360	All	½" x 25/16" ⁽¹⁾		3	3
560	All	2x4 ⁽²⁾	16d (0.135" x 3½")	3	3
	18"			4	4
560D	20"	2x4 ⁽²⁾	104 (0 1251 21/11)	5	5
2000	22"(3)	ΔX4 ⁽²⁾	16d (0.135" x 3½")	6	11
	24"(3)			6	13

- (1) PS1 or PS2 sheathing, face grain vertical
- (2) Construction grade or better
- (3) Web stiffeners are always required for 22" and 24" TJI® 560D joists.



ROOF FRAMING



TJI® Joist Nailing Requirements at Bearing (Maximum slope for 18"-24" joists is 3:12)

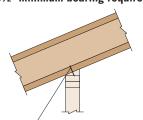
TJI® Joist to Bearing Plate

End Bearing (1¾" minimum bearing required)



When slope exceeds 1/4:12, a beveled bearing plate, variable slope seat connector, or birdsmouth cut (at low end of joist only) is required.

Intermediate Bearing (3½" minimum bearing required)



Slopes 3:12 or less:

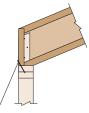
One 8d (0.113" x $2\frac{1}{2}$ ") nail each side. Use (0.131" x 3") nails with TJI® 560D joists. See detail R7.

Slopes greater than 3:12 (for depths ≤ 16" only): Two 8d (0.113" x 2½") nails each side, plus a twist strap

Two 8d (0.113" x $2\frac{1}{2}$ ") nails each side, plus a twist stray and backer block. See detail R7S.

When slope exceeds ¼:12 for a 2x4 wall or ½:12 for a 2x6 wall, a beveled bearing plate or variable slope seat connector is required.

Blocking to Bearing Plate



 $11\!\!/\!\!s$ " TJ® Rim Board (with depths \leq 16"), or $11\!\!/\!\!s$ or $11\!\!/\!\!s$ " TimberStrand® LSL:

Toenail with (0.131" x 3") nails at 6" on-center.

TJI® joist blocking:

(0.131" x 3") nails at 6" on-center

Shear transfer nailing:

Minimum, use connections equivalent to sheathing nail schedule

These Conditions Are NOT Permitted:



DO NOT cut holes too close to support.

Refer to Allowable Holes on pages 9 and 18 for minimum distance from support.



DO NOT bevel cut joist beyond inside face of wall.

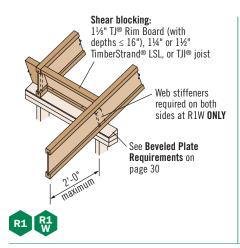


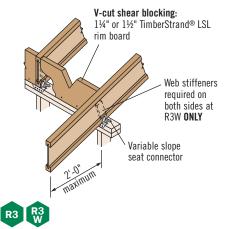
DO NOT overhang birdsmouth cut from inside face of plate.

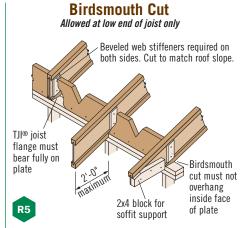
TJI® joist flange must bear fully on the plate. See detail BC on page 30.

ROOF DETAILS



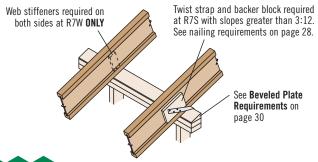






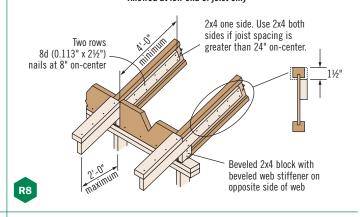
Intermediate Bearing

Blocking panels or shear blocking may be specified for joist stability at intermediate supports



Birdsmouth Cut

Allowed at low end of joist only

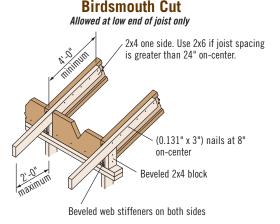


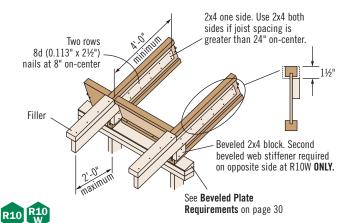






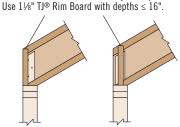


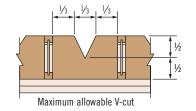


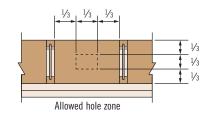


Shear Blocking and Ventilation Holes (Roof Only)

Field trim to match joist depth at outer edge of wall or locate on wall to match joist depth.





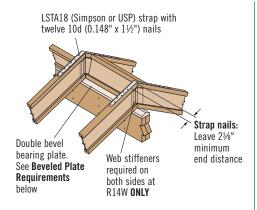


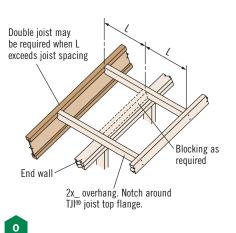


R9

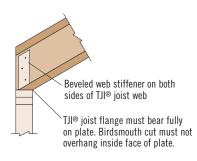
For TJI® joists with slopes of 10:12 to 12:12, the vertical depth of the shear blocking at bearing will require 11/4" TJ® Rim Board or 11/4" or 11/4" TimberStrand® LSL that is one size deeper than the TJI® joist. DO NOT use 11/8" TJI® Rim Board with 18"-24" TJI® joists or in ventilation-hole applications.

ROOF DETAILS



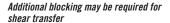


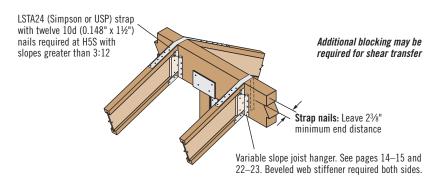
Birdsmouth Cut Allowed at low end of joist only







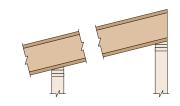




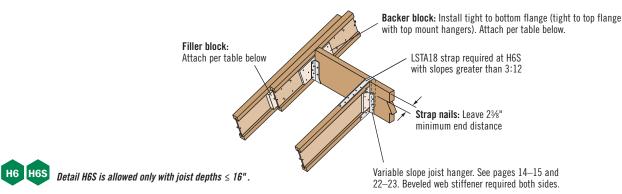


Detail H5S is allowed only with joist depths ≤ 16 ".

Beveled Plate Requirements



Required Bearing Length	Maximum Slope Without Beveled Plate
1¾"	1/2:12
3½"	1/4:12
5½"	⅓:12



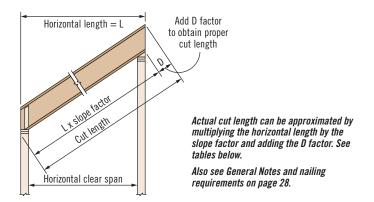
Filler and Backer Block Sizes

TJI®		110		210		230 or 360		360	560		560 or 560D	560D
Depth		9½"-11½"	14"-16	9½"-11½"	14"-16"	9½"-11½"	14"-16"	18"-20"	117/8"	14"-16"	18"-20"	22"-24"
	Filler Block ⁽¹⁾ (Detail H6)		2x8	2x6 + 3/8" sheathing	2x8 + 3/8" sheathing	2x6 + ½" sheathing	2x8 + ½" sheathing	2x12 + ½" sheathing	Two 2x6	Two 2x8	Two 2x12	Four ¾" x 15" sheathing
	Backer Block ⁽¹⁾ (Detail H6)		or ¾"	3/4" 0	r ⅓8"	%" or 1" net		2x6	2x8	2x12	Two ¾" x 15" sheathing	
Nail Size	Noil Size Filler				(0.131" x 3")	(0.131" x 3½")					1'' x 3½'')	
Naii Size	Backer	(0.131 X3)							(0.131" x 3")			
Nail	Filler	15							32			50
Quantity ⁽²⁾	Backer				15					15		

- (1) If necessary, increase filler and backer block height for face mount hangers and maintain 1/8" gap at top of joist. See detail W on page 27. Filler and backer block dimensions should accommodate required nailing without splitting. The suggested minimum length is 24" for filler and 12" for backer blocks.
- (2) Clinch nails when possible.
- (3) For filler block connections, drive nails from alternating sides.

CUT LENGTH CALCULATION





D Factors

Depth		Slope														
Dehtii	1:12	1½:12	2:12	2½:12	3:12	3½:12	4:12	4½:12	5:12	6:12	7:12	8:12	9:12	10:12	11:12	12:12
91/2"	7/8"	1¼"	15⁄8"	2"	23/8"	27/8"	31/4"	35/8"	4"	4¾"	55/8"	63/8"	71/8"	8"	8¾"	9½"
117/8"	1"	1½"	2"	2½"	3"	3½"	4"	4½"	5"	6"	7"	8"	9"	10"	11"	117/8"
14"	11/4"	1¾"	23/8"	3"	3½"	41/8"	4¾"	51/4"	57/8"	7"	81/4"	93/8"	10½"	11¾"	127/8"	14"
16"	13/8"	2"	2¾"	33/8"	4"	4¾"	53/8"	6"	6¾"	8"	93/8"	10¾"	12"	13¾"	14¾"	16"
18"	1½"	21/4"	3"	3¾"	41/2"											
20"	15/8"	2½"	33/8"	41/8"	5"		N.A.									
22"	17/8"	2¾"	35/8"	45/8"	5½"											
24"	2"	3"	4"	5"	6"											

Slope Factors

Slope	21/2:12	3:12	3½:12	4:12	4½:12	5:12	6:12	7:12	8:12	9:12	10:12	11:12	12:12
Factor	1.021	1.031	1.042	1.054	1.068	1.083	1.118	1.158	1.202	1.250	1.302	1.357	1.414

MATERIAL WEIGHTS AND CONVERSION TABLE

Material Weights

(Include TJI® weights in dead load calculations—see Design Properties tables on pages 6 and 16 for joist weights)

Floor Panels	
Southern Pine	
½" plywood	1.7 ps
5/8" plywood	2.0 ps
¾" plywood	2.5 ps
1½" plywood	3.8 ps
½" OSB	1.8 ps
5%" OSB	2.2 ps
¾" OSB	2.7 ps
7/8" OSB	3.1 ps
1½" OSB	4.1 ps
Based on: Southern pine — 40 pcf for plywood, 44 pcf for OSB	
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Roofing Asphalt shingles	
Asphalt shingles	2.5 psf
Wood shingles	2.0 psf
Clay tile	4.0 psf
Slate (3 /s" thick)	5.0 psf

PSF to PLF

	Load in Pounds Per Square Foot (PSF)								
O.C. Spacing	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
Shacing	Load in Pounds Per Linear Foot (PLF)								
12"	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
16"	27	34	40	47	54	60	67	74	80
19.2"	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
24"	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120

Roll or Batt Insulation (1" thick):

D 1 1	0.0
Rock wool	
Glass wool	0.1 psf
Floor Finishes	
Hardwood (nominal 1")	4.0 psf
Sheet vinyl	0.5 psf
Carpet and pad	1.0 psf
¾" ceramic or quarry tile	10.0 psf
Concrete:	
Regular (1")	12.0 psf
Lightweight (1")	8.0 to 10.0 psf
Gypsum concrete (¾")	6.5 psf
Ceilings	
Acoustical fibre tile	
½" gypsum board	2.2 psf
5/8" gypsum board	2.8 psf





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